



Department of Land Conservation and Development

635 Capitol Street, Suite 150 Salem, OR 97301-2540 (503) 373-0050 Fax (503) 378-5518 www.lcd.state.or.us



NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENT

09/09/2013

TO: Subscribers to Notice of Adopted Plan

or Land Use Regulation Amendments

FROM: Plan Amendment Program Specialist

SUBJECT: City of Salem Plan Amendment

DLCD File Number 004-13

The Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) received the attached notice of adoption. Due to the size of amended material submitted, a complete copy has not been attached. A Copy of the adopted plan amendment is available for review at the DLCD office in Salem and the local government office.

Appeal Procedures*

DLCD ACKNOWLEDGMENT or DEADLINE TO APPEAL: Thursday, September 26, 2013

This amendment was submitted to DLCD for review prior to adoption pursuant to ORS 197.830(2)(b) only persons who participated in the local government proceedings leading to adoption of the amendment are eligible to appeal this decision to the Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA).

If you wish to appeal, you must file a notice of intent to appeal with the Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA) no later than 21 days from the date the decision was mailed to you by the local government. If you have questions, check with the local government to determine the appeal deadline. Copies of the notice of intent to appeal must be served upon the local government and others who received written notice of the final decision from the local government. The notice of intent to appeal must be served and filed in the form and manner prescribed by LUBA, (OAR Chapter 661, Division 10). Please call LUBA at 503-373-1265, if you have questions about appeal procedures.

*NOTE: The Acknowledgment or Appeal Deadline is based upon the date the decision was mailed by local government. A decision may have been mailed to you on a different date than it was mailed to

DLCD. As a result, your appeal deadline may be earlier than the above date specified. <u>NO LUBA Notification to the jurisdiction of an appeal by the deadline, this Plan Amendment is acknowledged.</u>

Cc: Kimberli Fitzgerald, City of Salem

Gordon Howard, DLCD Urban Planning Specialist Angela Lazarean, DLCD Regional Representative Amanda Punton, DLCD Natural Resources Specialist



E2 DLCD Notice of Adoption

This Form 2 must be mailed to DLCD within 5-Working Days after the Final
Ordinance is signed by the public Official Designated by the jurisdiction
and all other requirements of ORS 197.615 and OAR 660-018-000

63	☐ In person ☐ electronic ☐ mailed	
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	SEP 0 5 2013	:
1 /m.	AND CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT	
P	For Office Use Only	

Jurisdiction: City of Salem	Local file number: CA13-	.06
Date of Adoption: 8/26/2013	Date Mailed: 8/30/2013	
Was a Notice of Proposed Amendment (Form 1) mailed	_	o Date: 4/11/2013
Comprehensive Plan Text Amendment	☐ Comprehensive Plan	
	☐ Zoning Map Amendm	•
New Land Use Regulation	Other:	J.,
Summarize the adopted amendment. Do not use ted	chnical terms. Do not write	"See Attached"
Amending the existing Historic Preservation Chapter 230 alterations to public historic resources. Additional amend		
a streamlined process for State agencies to work with either	er the Oregon State Historic P	reservation Office or
the City of Salem to satisfy both local and State historic de	esign review and mitigation re	equirements.
Does the Adoption differ from proposal? Please sele	ct one	
No	ot one	
Plan Map Changed from: NA	to:	
Zone Map Changed from: NA	to:	
Location:	Acres	Involved:
Specify Density: Previous:	New:	
Applicable statewide planning goals:		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	12 13 14 15 16 17	18 19
Was an Exception Adopted? ☐ YES ☒ NO		
Did DLCD receive a Notice of Proposed Amendment.		
35-days prior to first evidentiary hearing?		⊠ Yes □ No
If no, do the statewide planning goals apply?		Yes No
If no, did Emergency Circumstances require immedia	te adoption?	Yes No

DLCDF1/eNo.008-13(19794)[17595]

Please list all affected \$	State or Federal Agencies, Lo	ocal Governments o	r Specia	al Districts:
Local Contact: Kimber	li Fitzgerald, Historic Plann	Phone: (503) 540)-2397	Extension:
Address: 555 Liberty St	SE, Rm 305	Fax Number: 50:	3-588-60	05
City: Salem	Zip: 97301-	E-mail Address:	kfitzger	ald@cityofsalem.net

ADOPTION SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

This Form 2 must be received by DLCD no later than 5 working days after the ordinance has been signed by the public official designated by the jurisdiction to sign the approved ordinance(s) per ORS 197.615 and OAR Chapter 660, Division 18

- 1. This Form 2 must be submitted by local jurisdictions only (not by applicant).
- 2. When submitting the adopted amendment, please print a completed copy of Form 2 on light green paper if available.
- 3. Send this Form 2 and one complete paper copy (documents and maps) of the adopted amendment to the address below.
- 4. Submittal of this Notice of Adoption must include the final signed ordinance(s), all supporting finding(s), exhibit(s) and any other supplementary information (ORS 197.615).
- 5. Deadline to appeals to LUBA is calculated **twenty-one** (21) days from the receipt (postmark date) by DLCD of the adoption (ORS 197.830 to 197.845).
- 6. In addition to sending the Form 2 Notice of Adoption to DLCD, please also remember to notify persons who participated in the local hearing and requested notice of the final decision. (ORS 197.615).
- 7. Submit one complete paper copy via United States Postal Service, Common Carrier or Hand Carried to the DLCD Salem Office and stamped with the incoming date stamp.
- 8. Please mail the adopted amendment packet to:

DLCD file No.

ATTENTION: PLAN AMENDMENT SPECIALIST DEPARTMENT OF LAND CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT 635 CAPITOL STREET NE, SUITE 150 SALEM, OREGON 97301-2540

9. Need More Copies? Please print forms on 8½ -1/2x11 green paper only if available. If you have any questions or would like assistance, please contact your DLCD regional representative or contact the DLCD Salem Office at (503) 373-0050 x238 or e-mail plan.amendments@state.or.us.



COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

555 Liberty St. SE / Room 305 • Salem, OR 97301-3503 • (503) 588-6173 • (503) TTY 588-6353 • (503) Fax 588-6005

September 3, 2013

Si necesita ayuda para comprender esta informacion, por favor llame 503-588-6173.

NOTICE OF FINAL DECISION: Ordinance No. 25-13

Amending SRC Chapter 230, Historic Preservation

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the City Council of the City of Salem adopted Ordinance No. 25-13 at the August 26, 2013 session. Ordinance No. 25-13 replaces section 230.060, Public Historic Districts, with new sections within Chapter 230 which include historic design review criteria for public historic resources. A copy of the ordinance is attached.

Any person with standing may appeal the City Council's decision by filing a "Notice of Intent to Appeal" with the Land Use Board of Appeals, 775 Summer St NE, Suite 330, Salem OR 97301-1283, **not later than 21 days** after <u>September 3, 2013</u>. Anyone with questions regarding filing an appeal with the Oregon Land Use Board of Appeals should contact an attorney.

The complete case file, including findings, conclusions, modifications, and conditions of approval, if any is available for review at the Community Development Department, 555 Liberty St SE, Room 305, Salem OR 97301. If you have any further questions, you may contact the City of Salem Planning Division at 503-588-6173.

Jason Richling,

AIC Urban Planning Administrator

cc: See Attached List

http://www.cityofsalem.net/planning

Ordinance No. 25-13 (Code Amend. CA13-06) SRC Chapter 230 Historic Preservation

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Josh Pollock, Chair W Salem NA Land Use Comm. 3161 Elliot St NW Salem OR 97304

Polk Co Brd of Commissioners Polk County Courthouse 850 Main St Dallas OR 97338

State of Oregon
Dept. of Transportation
ATTN: Susan Haupt
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Salem OR 97302-1142

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Salem-Keizer Transit District ATTN: Mona West 925 Commercial St SE, Ste 100 Salem OR 97302

State of Oregon State Historic Preservation Office ATTN: Roger Roper 725 Summer St NE, Suite C Salem OR 97301-1266

Historic Preserv. League of OR ATTN: Peggy Moretti, Exec Dir 24 NW 1st Ave Portland OR 97209 State of Oregon Dept. of Forestry ATTN: Robert McKee 2600 State St. Salem OR 97310-1336

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Via EMAIL
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Via EMAIL
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G:\CD\PLANNING\CASE APPLICATION Files 2011-On\CODE AMENDMENTS\1-Forms-Templates\1 - MAILING MATRIX for Recomend's to Council or SIGNED Council ORD's 8-27-13.doc defined by a period of significance. National Register District nominations for historic district designation are processed by the Oregon State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) and reviewed by the State Advisory Committee on Historic Preservation (SACHP). The final decision for listing on the National Register of Historic Places is made by the National Park Service. Property owners within the proposed National Register Districts are notified by SHPO and have the opportunity to object. 36 CFR 60.6 provides that if fifty-one percent of owners object to the proposed district, the nomination cannot proceed to review by SACHP and the National Park Service. The Historic Landmarks Commission and City Council have the opportunity to comment and make recommendations on the nomination prior to review by SACHP.

- (6) Historic contributing building means a building or structure in a historic district that existed during the period of significance, and has retained sufficient integrity to convey the history of the district and to contribute to its character.
- (7) Historic non-contributing building means a building or structure in a historic district that existed during the period of significance, but has been so altered that it no longer conveys the history of the district or contributes to its character.
- (8) Historic preservation means preservation, restoration, or rehabilitation of a historic resource.
- (9) Historic resource means a historic contributing building, individually listed resource, a site or an object that is an individually listed resource or designated as a historic-contributing site or an object in a historic district.
- (10) Individually listed resource means a building, structure, site, or object listed individually on the National Register of Historic Places or designated as a local historic resource by the City Council.
- (11) Local historic resource means a building, structure, site, or object designated as a local historic resource pursuant to this Chapter.

- (12) Non-contributing building means a historic non-contributing building or a non-historic non-contributing building.
- (13) Non-historic non-contributing building means a building or structure in a historic district that did not exist during the period of significance.
- (14) Object means a material thing of functional, aesthetic, cultural, historic or scientific value that may be, by nature or design, movable yet related to a specific setting or environment.
- (15) Original means the component was constructed on or added to the building during the period of significance.
- (16) Period of significance means the dates stated in the official designation of a historic district by the National Parks Service that identifies the period or periods of time when geographic area attained the characteristics which qualify the area for designation as a historic district.
- (17) Property pending designation means a building, structure, site, or object for which a formal application for local historic designation has been initiated, or which has been recommended for nomination to the National Register of Historic Places by SACHP, or a building, structure, site, or object within a proposed historic district for which a formal application for historic designation has been submitted, but which have not yet been reviewed by the Keeper of the National Register, or has been reviewed by the Keeper and determined to be "eligible."
- (18) Preservation means the act or process of applying measures necessary to sustain the existing form, integrity, and materials of a historic resource. Work, including preliminary measures to protect and stabilize the resource, generally focuses on the ongoing maintenance and repair of historic materials and features rather than extensive replacement and new construction. New exterior additions are not considered preservation; however, the limited and sensitive upgrading of mechanical, electrical, and plumbing systems and other code-required work to make properties functional is appropriate within a preservation project.

(19) Public agency means the State of Oregon, and all the administrative
subdivisions thereof, including, but not limited to, the Oregon Department of
Administrative Services.

- (20) Public historic resource means a historic resource that is owned by a public agency.
- (1921) Restoration means the act or process of accurately depicting the form, features, and character of a historic-contributing resource or historic-non-contributing resource as it appeared at a particular period of time by means of the removal of features from other periods in its history and reconstruction of missing features from the restoration period. The limited and sensitive upgrading of mechanical, electrical, and plumbing systems and other coderequired work to make properties functional is appropriate within a preservation project.
- (2022) Rehabilitation means the process of making possible a compatible use for a historic-contributing resource or individually listed resource through repair, alterations, and additions, while preserving those portions or features which convey its historical, cultural, or architectural values.
- (2123) Reconstruction means the act or process of depicting, by means of new construction, the form, features, or detailing of a non-surviving building, or structure for the purpose of replicating its appearance at a specific period of time and in its historic location.
- (24) SHPO means the Oregon State Historic Preservation Office.
- (2225) Site means the location of a significant event, a prehistoric or historic occupation or activity, or a building or structure, whether standing, ruined, or vanished, where the location itself maintains historical or archaeological value regardless of the value of any existing structure.
- (2326) Structure means a work made up of interdependent and interrelated parts in a definite pattern of organization. Constructed by humans, a structure is often an engineering project large in scale.

- (2427) Visible means the resource, or a portion of the resource can be seen from the public right of way. For example, typically the primary façade of a historic resource can be seen from the public right of way.
- (b) Supplemental Standards and Guidelines for Historic Design Review. In the event the standards and guidelines contained in this Chapter fail to provide regulations for a specific type of historic resource, the rules of the decision will be the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings, published by the U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service.
- (c) Authority to Promulgate Guidelines. The Director may, upon consultation with the Historic Landmarks Commission, promulgate illustrative guidelines to provide general guidance to interested persons on the application of the standards in this Chapter.

Section 2. The following SRC 230.017 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

230.017. Recording Notice of Historic District. The Director shall cause to be recorded in the docket of city liens created pursuant to SRC 21.060 a notice of historic district for each property where any portion of the property lies within the historic district. The recording of such notice shall not create, and shall not be deemed to create, a lien or other encumbrance on such property.

Section 3. The following SRC 230.018 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

230.018. Public Historic Design Review Jurisdiction. The City of Salem has jurisdiction over historic design review for all public historic resources. If the public agency is the State of Oregon, or any administrative subdivision of the State of Oregon, the public agency may enter into a program with SHPO for the conservation of the historic resource pursuant to ORS 358.653, in which case historic design review for that historic resource is exempted from this Chapter, provided, however, that such program complies with Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings, published by the U.S. Department of the Interior, National Parks Service, and the public agency provides the Director with notice of such election, no later than the date the contract for construction is advertised for bids.

Section 4. SRC 230,020 is amended to read as follows:

230.020. Historic Design Review.

- (a) Applicability. <u>Unless undertaken by a public agency pursuant to a program established between the public agency and SHPO under ORS 358.653</u>, no exterior portion of a historic resource, non-contributing building, or new construction in a historic district shall be erected, altered, restored, moved or demolished until historic review approval has been granted, as provided in this section.
 - (1) Historic design review is required for the following:
 - (A) Remodeling or repair that would change, in any manner, the exterior of a historic resource or a building or structure in a historic district, but excluding painting.
 - (B) Moving a historic resource, or moving a building or structure into or out of a historic district.
 - (C) Construction of a new building in a historic district.
 - (D) Alteration of, or addition to, a historic resource, or to a noncontributing building in a historic district.
 - (E) Construction of new walks, fences, parking facilities, and other features on the site of a historic resource, when adjacent to or within view of public right-of-way.
 - (F) Demolition of a historic resource.
 - (G) Streetscape improvements in historic districts.
 - (2) Historic design review is not required for the following:
 - (A) Ordinary maintenance or repair of any exterior architectural feature of a historic resource or non-contributing building in a historic district to correct deterioration, decay, or damage, or to sustain the existing form. By way of illustration, but not of limitation, ordinary maintenance and repair includes replacement of cracked or broken window panes; surface treatment that is consistent with accepted historic preservation methods; replacement of broken hardware; repair of a portion of a window frame or sash, part of a roof or a small percentage of siding.

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- (B) Change in paint color of a historic resource or a non-contributing building in a historic district.
- (C) Work conducted entirely within the interior of a historic resource or non-contributing building in a historic district which has no effect on exterior architectural features.
- (3) Buildings Partially Within and Partially Without Historic Districts. Where addition or alteration to the exterior of a lustoric contributing resource or non-contributing building in a historic district, or construction of a new building in a historic district, will occur partially inside and partially outside of the district boundaries, historic design review is required for that portion of the building that is within the district and, if the majority of the area of the building is inside the historic district, for that portion of the building that is not within the historic district.
- (4) Relationship to Other Land Use Reviews. Projects that require historic design review may also require other land use reviews. If other land use reviews are requirements for development, such reviews shall be held prior to or concurrently with historic design review.

(b) Objectives.

The standards in this chapter shall be construed to do the following:

(1) Historic Contributing Buildings and Individually Listed Resources. Historic contributing buildings and individually listed resources are valuable community resources that contribute immeasurably to the City's identity, history, unique sense of place, and quality of life. Preserving these buildings and resources involves careful planning, conscientious maintenance and repair, knowledgeable and informed restoration, and sensitive rehabilitation that accommodates modern business and residential lifestyles. The standards set forth in this Chapter for historic contributing buildings and individually listed resources are intended to preserve and enhance the buildings, resources and districts generally, while allowing for adaptive reuse through sensitive rehabilitation of these buildings and resources.

- (2) Non-Contributing Buildings. Some buildings and structures in a historic district are non-contributing. These buildings and structures typically do not contribute to the district's historic significance because they either date from outside the district's period of significance or their historic significance has been materially impaired by additions and alterations. The standards set forth in this Chapter for non-contributing buildings and structures do not require restoration to their original appearance or require imitation of the appearance of a historic contributing building or structure; rather, the objectives are two-fold. First, the objective for historic non-contributing is to return, when feasible, these buildings to a historic contributing state. Second, the objective for all non-contributing buildings is to maintain the visual coherence of the historic district as a whole.
- (3) New Construction. New buildings and structures will be built in historic districts. These new buildings and structures should enhance, rather than detract, from the overall character of the district. It is crucial that the existing harmony of proportions and materials be enhanced when new construction occurs. Therefore, the objective of the standards set forth in this Chapter for new construction is to ensure that the design and construction of new buildings and structures is consistent and compatible with the architectural styles of historic contributing buildings that are found in the district.
- (c) Classes. Historic design review is either "Minor" or "Major." Table 230-1 and Table 230-2 sets forth the activities that are Minor and Major Historic Design Review. Notwithstanding Table 230-1 and 230-2, any activity proposed that is not covered by the table or does not meet the specific standards set forth for historic contributing buildings in SRC 230.025, and SRC 230.040 and 230.061; or for non-contributing buildings and structures the standards set forth in SRC 230.030, and SRC 230.045 and 230.063 of this section requires Major Historic Design Review.

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TABLE 230-1 HISTORIC DESIGN REVIEW BY REVIEW CLASS

4				Review	Class		
5	Activity Proposed	His	toric Con	tributing	Non-Contributing		
6	and the second	Visible	Not Visible	Applicable Code Section	Visible	Not Visible	Applicable Code Section
7	Residential Historic Districts						
8	Alterations and Additions	Major	Minor	230.025(g)	Major	Minor	230.030(g)
_	Deck Replacement and Additions	Major	Minor	230.025 (h)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (h)
9	Door Replacement	Major	Minor	230,065 230,025 (c)	Minor	N/A	230.070 230.030 (c)
10	Door Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.025 (c)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (c)
	Fences	Major	Minor	230.025 (j)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (j)
11	New Accessory Structures	Major	Minor	230.025 (i)	Major	Minor	230.030 (i)
12	Porch Replacement	Major	Minor	230.065	Minor	N/A	230.070
		, ·		230.025 (d)			230.030 (d)
13	Porch Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.025 (d)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (d)
14	Restoration of Missing Features	Major	Minor	230.025 (f)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (f)
177	Retaining Walls	Major	Minor	230.025 (k)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (k)
15	Roof Replacement	Minor	Minor	230.065 230.025 (e)	Minor	N/A	230.070 230.030 (e)
16	Roof Replacement (In-Kind)	N/A	N/A	230.025 (e)	N/A	N/A	230.030 (e)
10	Siding, Exterior Trim and Minor	_		230,065			230,070
17	Architectural Features Replacement	Major	Minor	230.025 (a)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (a)
18	Siding, Exterior Trim and Minor Architectural Features Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.025 (a)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (a)
19		Malan	Minan	230,065	N.C.	21/4	230.070
20	Site Features Replacement	Major	Minor	230.025 (1)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (I)
	Site Features Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.025 (I)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (I)
21	Streetscape	Minor		230.075	Minor		230.075
22	Window Replacement	Major	Minor	230.065 230.025 (b)	Minor	N/A	230,070 230,030 (b)
	Window Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.025 (b)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (b)
23		ALTERNATION OF THE PARTY OF THE	· 在海里	The sale of the sa	THE PROPERTY OF	OWNERS AND THE	STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY.
24	After the transfer the Charles and the factor and any expension of the Market and the factor	Moiou	Minor	230.040 (h)	Minor	N/A	230.045 (h)
	Accessibility Alterations and Additions Alterations and Additions	Major Major	Minor	230.040 (f)	Major	Minor	230.045 (f) 230.045 (g)
25	Awnings and Canopies Replacement or	1 1	İ	,,	Ĭ	ì	-
26	Installation	Major	Minor	230.040 (k)	Minor	Minor	230.045 (k)
27	Awnings and Canopies Replacement or Installation (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.040 (k)	Minor	N/A	230.045 (k)
28	Door Replacement	Major	Minor	230.065 230.040 (c)	Minor	N/A	230.070
	Door Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.040 (c)	Minor	N/A	230.045 (c) 230.045 (c)
29	Energy	Major	Minor	250.040 (0)	Minor	N/A	230,043 (0)
30	Lintels, Architraves, Sills, and other	Major	Minor	230.065	Minor	N/A	230.070
,,	Architectural Details Replacement	1,1000, 1	1111110-	230.040 (g)		, .	230.045 (f)

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1	Table 230-1:	Historic D	esign Rev	iew by Review	Class			
2		Review Class						
3	Activity Proposed	Historic Contributing			Non-Contributing			
4	, commy x repessu	Visible	Not Visible	Applicable Code Section	Visibie	Not Visible	Applicable Code Section	
5	Architectural Details Replacement (In-Kind)							
6	Masonry, Siding, and Exterior Trim Replacement	Major	Minor	230.065 230.040 (a)	Minor	N/A	230,070 230,045 (a)	
7 8	Masonry, Siding, and Exterior Trim Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.040 (a)	Minor	N/A	230.045 (a)	
9	Mechanical Equipment and Service Areas Addition and Replacement	Major	Minor	230.065 230.040 (i)	Minor	N/A	230.070 230.045 (i)	
_	Murals	Major	Minor	230,055	Major	N/A	230.055	
10	Roof and Cornice Replacement	Major	Minor	230.065 230.040 (e)	Minor	N/A	230.070 230.045 (e)	
11	Roof and Cornice Replacement (In-Kind)	N/A	N/A	230.040 (e)	N/A	N/A	230.045 (e)	
12	Storefront, or Component of Storefront, Replacement	Major	Minor	230.065 230.040 (d)	Minor	N/A	230.070 230.045 (d)	
13 14	Storefront, or Component of Storefront, Replacement (In-Kind)	Major	Minor	230.040 (d)	Minor	N/A	230.045 (d)	
	Streetscape	Minor		230.075	Minor		230,075	
15 16	Window Replacement	Major	Minor	230.065 230.040 (b)	Minor	N/A	230.070 230.045 (b)	
17 18	Window Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230,040 (b)	Minor	N/A	230.045 (b)	
19	Public Historic Districts							
17	Streetscape	Minor		230.075	Minor		230.075	
20	Individually Listed Historic Resources							
21 22	Any activity proposed	Follows r	eview clas	s for historic con reson	_	buildings	for the type of	
23	A shlulau Dunnani			Revlew	Class			
24	Activity Proposed (New Construction)	Visi	ibie	Not Visi	ble		cable Code lection	
25	Residential Historic Districts		jor	Major		230.035		
	Commercial Historic Districts	Ma		Major		230.050		
26	Public Historic Districts	Major		Major		230,065		

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TABLE 230-2 PUBLIC HISTORIC DESIGN REVIEW BY REVIEW CLASS

Table 230-2: Public Historic Design Review by Review Class							
	Review Class						
Activity Proposed	<u> </u>	listoric Contri	buting	Non-Contributing			
	<u>Primary</u> <u>Facade</u>	<u>Secondary</u> <u>Facade</u>	<u>Applicable</u> <u>Code Section</u>	<u>Primary</u> <u>Facade</u>	Secondary Facade	Applicable Code Section	
Public Historic District	e de la companya de La companya de la companya de l		MSUMBERS		E-WOLLSER		
Accessibility Alterations and Additions	<u>Major</u>	Minor	230.061 (j)	<u>Minor</u>	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (i)	
Alterations and Additions	Major	Minor	230.061 (g)	Major	Minor	230.063 (g)	
Avenings and Canopies Replacement or Installation	Major	<u>Minor</u>	230.061 (m)	Minor	<u>Minor</u>	230.063 (m)	
Awnings and Canopies Replacement or Installation (In- Kind)	Minor	<u>Minor</u>	230.061 (m)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (m)	
Decks Replacement and Additions	Major	Minor	230.061 (h)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (h)	
Door Replacement	Major	Minor	230.061 (c)	Minor	N/A	230.063 (c)	
Door Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.061 (c)	Minor	N/A	230.063 (c)	
Energy	Major	Minor	230,061 (k)	Minor	N/A	230.063 (k)	
Fences	Major	Minor	230.061(o)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230,063 (o)	
Lintels, Architraves, Sills, and other Architectural Details Replacement	<u>Major</u>	<u>Minor</u>	230.061 (i)	<u>Minor</u>	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (i)	
Lintels, Architraves, Sills, and other Architectural Details Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.061 (i)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (i)	
Masonry, Siding, and Exterior Trim Replacement Details Replacement	Major	<u>Minor</u>	230.061 (a)	<u>Minor</u>	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (a)	
Masonry, Siding, and Exterior Trim Replacement Details Replacement (In-Kind)	<u>Minor</u>	Minor	230.061 (a)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (a)	
Mechanical Equipment and Service Areas Addition and Replacement	<u>Major</u>	Minor	230.061 (I)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (I)	
Signs	Major	Minor	230.062	Major	<u>N/A</u>	230.061	
New Accessory Structures	<u>Major</u>	Minor	230.061 (n)	Major	Minor	230.063 (n)	
Porch Replacement	Major	Minor	230.061 (d)	<u>Minor</u>	Ŋ/A	230.063 (d)	
Porch Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	<u>Minor</u>	230.061 (d)	<u>Minor</u>	N/A	230.063 (d)	
Restoration of Missing Features	Major	Minor	230.061 (f)	Minor	N/A	230,063 (f)	
Retaining Walls	Major	Minor	230.061 (p)	Minor	N/A	230,063 (p)	
Roof and Cornice Replacement	Minor	<u>Minor</u>	230.061 (e)	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (e)	
Roof and Cornice Replacement (In-Kind)	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	230.061(e)	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (e)	
Site Features Replacement	Major	Minor	230,061 (q)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230,063(q)	

Table 230-2: Public Historic Design Review by Review Class							
	Review Class						
Activity Proposed	<u>H</u>	listoric Contri	ibuting	Non-Contributing			
	Primary Facade	<u>Secondary</u> <u>Facade</u>	Applicable Code Section	<u>Primary</u> <u>Facade</u>	<u>Secondary</u> <u>Facade</u>	Applicable Code Section	
Site Features Replacement (In- Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.061 (q)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (q)	
Streetscape	Minor		<u>230.075</u>	Minor		<u>230.075</u>	
Window Replacement	Major	Minor	230.061 (b)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (b)	
Window Replacement (In-Kind)	<u>Minor</u>	Minor	230.061 (b)	<u>Minor</u>	N/A	230.063 (b)	

(d) Procedure Type.

- (1) Minor Historic Design Review is processed as a Type I procedure under SRC Chapter 300.
- (2) Major Historic Design Review is processed as a Type III procedure under SRC Chapter 300.

(e) Additional Submittal Requirements.

- (1) In addition to the submittal requirements specified in SRC Chapter 300, an application for Minor Historic Design Review shall include the following:
 - (A) Plan and elevation drawings, of a size and form and in the number of copies meeting the standards established by the Planning Administrator, of the existing building or structure and of the proposed changes, including materials;
 - (B) Photos of the existing building or structure; and
 - (C) Historic photos of the existing building or structure, if available.
- (2) In addition to the submittal requirements for a Type III application under SRC Chapter 300, an application for Major Historic Design Review shall include the following:
 - (A) Plan and elevation drawings of the existing building or structure and of the proposed changes, including materials;
 - (B) Photos of the existing building or structure;
 - (C) Historic photos, if available; and
 - (D) Plan and elevation drawings of adjacent properties, or photo-

simulation, for additions that increase the gross square footage of the structure by more than fifty percent, or new construction in a historic district.

(f) Criteria. Historic design review approval shall be granted if the application satisfied the applicable standards set forth in this Chapter.

Section 5. SRC 230.085 is amended to read as follows:

230.085. Historic Resource Adaptive Reuse.

- (a) Applicability. This section allows adaptive reuse of historic-contributing buildings and individually listed resources in <u>all public</u> and residential zones and in the Commercial Office zone, in order to preserve these buildings or structures, where other uses would not be economically practical, and where a zone change would be inappropriate.
- (b) Procedure Type. Historical resource adaptive reuse is a Type III procedure under SRC Chapter 300.
- (c) Additional Submittal Requirements. In addition to the submittal requirements for a Type III application under SRC Chapter 300, an application for historic resource adaptive reuse shall include:
 - (1) Cost/benefit analysis.
 - (2) Documentation of good faith efforts by the property owner to put the property to economically beneficial use including but not limited to leasing the building or resource;
 - (3) Any capital expenditures associated with the building or structure during the two years immediately preceding the application for adaptive reuse.
 - (4) Site plan identifying the following:
 - (A) All streets that abut the site and their designation (i.e., arterial, collector etc); and
 - (B) Proposed parking, if applicable.
- (d) Criteria. An application for historic resource adaptive reuse shall be granted if the following criteria are met:
 - (1) The building is a historic contributing building or an individually listed

resource.

- (2) Adaptive reuse is allowed in the zone.
- (3) Use of the building or structure for any other use allowed in the zone is not economically practical, and the property does not meet the criteria for a zone change.
- (4) Allowing the proposed use will encourage preservation of the resource.
- (5) The building or structure will not be structurally expanded, or if historic non-contributing, will be restored.
- (6) The building or structure is located on an arterial or collector street.
- (7) Parking that meets the requirements of SRC Chapter 133 will be provided.
- (8) The proposed limited commercial use will not have a substantial adverse impact on public health, safety, and welfare and any other reasonably likely adverse impacts of the limited commercial use on the immediate neighborhood can be minimized through the imposition of conditions. The following shall apply in making the determination of substantial adverse impact:
 - (A) To preserve the integrity of residential historic districts, limited commercial uses in residential buildings or structures located within a residential historic district is discouraged.
 - (B) In the RS or RD zones, adaptive reuse shall only be allowed on arterial or collector streets that form the perimeter of the zone.
- (9) The proposed limited commercial use, as conditioned, will be compatible with and have minimal impact on the livability or appropriate development of surrounding property.
- (e) Conditions. The review authority shall impose such conditions on the historic resource adaptive reuse permit as are necessary to establish compliance with the approval criteria.
- (f) Approval to Run with the Land. Unless otherwise provided in the decision granting, historic adaptive reuse permits shall run with the land.

Section 6. The following SRC 230.057 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

generation, parking demand, hours of operation, and other similar

230.057. Oregon State Capitol. Unless approved pursuant to SRC 230.065, no significant features on existing resources within the boundary of the Oregon State Capitol as identified in Table 230-3 shall be altered.

Table 230-3 Oregon State Capitol

Tell star	Table 230-3: Oregon State Capitol						
Zone	Resource	Significant Features					
ı	Capitol Building and adjacent wings Additions	 Rotunda. Gold Oregon Pioneer Statue. Cast bronze Bas-Reliefs. 					
2	Oregon Migration Relief Sculpture	 Figures of Pioneers and a Covered Wagon. Map of Oregon Trail. 					
2	Lcwis & Clark Relief Sculpture	 Figures of Lewis, Clark and Sacagawea. Map of Expedition 					
3	Willson Park	 Breyman Fountain. Waite Fountain. Walk of Flags. Liberty Bell Replica. Gazebo. Parade of Animals Sculpture. Douglas-Fir tree grown from seed that rode aboard Apollo 14. Capitol Beaver Family Sculpture. 					
4	Capitol (East) Park	 Circuit Rider Statue. John McLoughlin Statue. Jason Lee Statue. Corinthian Columns remaining from Second Capitol. Memorial to Oregon Recipients of Congressional Medal of Honor. 					
5	North Plaza, Sunken Terrace	Sprague Fountain.Wall of Water Fountain.					

Section 7. The following SRC 230.058 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

230.058. Oregon State Hospital District. Unless approved pursuant to SRC 230.065, no significant features on existing resources within the Oregon State Hospital District as identified in Table 230-4 shall be altered. Any alterations or additions within Zone 1 of the Oregon State Hospital District shall be limited to secondary facades. No alterations shall be allowed on primary facades or significant features as identified in Table 230-4.

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TABLE 230-4 OREGON STATE HOSPITAL DISTRICT RESOURCES

	Tak	le 230-4: Oregon State Hospital	District Resources
Zone	Structure/Building	Primary Facade	Significant Features
	1.6	South (Greenway Dr.)	Double-hung Windows.
	Memorial Bldg.	North (Recovery Dr.)	 Decorative Brick Corbelling at
		South (Recovery Dr.)	Roofline.
		West (24 th St.)	Cupola Spire.Arched multi-light double hung
1	Kirkbride Building	North (Center St.)	Windows.
•		Trotti (contor ott)	Roof Corbeiling and Brackets.
		West (23 rd St.)	
	Dome Building	South (Center St includes	Dome.Wood Multi-light Windows.
	20mo Dunung	south facade of east wing)	Front Entry Staircase.
		North (Bittern Street)	
	Kirkhvida Graunda	West (24 th St.)	Fountain area with 'Baby Hercules' Statue.
2	Kirkbride Grounds Structures/Historic Park	North (Center St.)	■ Memorial Circle with Vault Markers
	Ost dettilos/1115(Offe Falk	Horai (Conter of.)	Park Entrance Pillars.
		South (Greenway Dr.)	
	R01- Cottage	North (Center St.)	
	101- Collage	West (26th St. NE)	
		East (Recovery Dr. NE)	
		South (Greenway Dr.)	
	R02- Cottage	North (Center St.) West (26 th St. NE)	
	_	East (Recovery Dr. NE)	
		South (Greenway Dr.)	
	DO2 Cattage	North (Center St.)	
	R03- Cottage	West (26th St. NE)	
		East (Recovery Dr. NE)	
	R04- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	
	R05- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	
	R06- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	Roof Gables.
3	R07- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.) North (Greenway Dr.)	Wooden lintels.
	R08- Cottage R09- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	 Multi-light double-hung windows, Brick/stucco-clad chimneys.
	R10- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	- Effective co-ctad entitleys.
Ì	R11- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	7
	R12- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	\neg
	R13- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	7
	R14- Cottage	West (24th Pl.)	
	R15- Cottage	West (24th Pl.)	
	R16- Cottage	West (24 th Pl.)	
	R17- Cottage	East (24th Pl.)	_
	R18- Cottage	East (24 th Pl.)	_
ļ	R19- Cottage	North (Bates Dr.)	\dashv
-	R20- Cottage	North (Bates Dr.)	-
}	R21- Cottage	North (Bates Dr.) North (private rd. off of Park	
	S07- Cottage	Ave.)	

Section 8. The following SRC 230,060 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

230.060. Standards for Historic Contributing Buildings in Public Historic Districts and Individually Listed Public Historic Resources. Modification to historic contributing buildings in public historic districts and individually listed public historic resources shall comply with this section.

(a) Masonry, Siding, Exterior Trim and Minor Architectural Features.

Replacement of masonry, siding, exterior trim, and minor architectural features of historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources shall be allowed only where the owner has attempted to repair the original siding, exterior trim or minor architectural feature, but repair was determined to be unfeasible due to the poor condition of the original materials. If the masonry, siding, or trim is not original then every effort shall be made to replicate the original materials; the effort shall be substantiated by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence. If the masonry, siding, or trim cannot be replicated then it should be of a compatible design and material.

(1) Materials. The replacement materials are the same type and quality as the original siding, exterior trim or minor architectural feature, or duplicate, to

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the greatest degree possible, the appearance and structural qualities of the material being replaced.

- (2) Design. The replacement reproduces the appearance of the original siding, exterior trim or minor architectural feature.
- (3) Energy Efficiency. Improvements to improve energy efficiency are allowed, provided the exterior appearance of the historic resource is preserved to the greatest extent possible. Example: Adding additional insulation to attics, crawl spaces or basements.
- (b) Windows. Replacement of windows and individually listed public historic resources shall be allowed only where the owner has attempted to repair the original window, but repair was not feasible due to the poor condition of the original materials. If the window is not original then every effort shall be made to replicate the original window; the effort shall be substantiated by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence. If the window cannot be replicated then it should be of a compatible design and material.
 - (1) Materials. All features of the window, including the window frame, sash, stiles, rails, muntins, lamb's tongues and glass, are replaced with materials that duplicate, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance and structural qualities of the original.
 - (2) **Design.** Overall design of the window profile of all parts of the window shall reproduce the appearance of the original window.

(3) Energy Efficiency.

- (A) The use of weather stripping, insulation, or materials to either repair or improve the energy efficiency shall be evaluated as means to achieve the desired energy efficiency objectives prior to seeking authorization to replace a window.
- (B) If an owner wishes to improve the energy efficiency of windows located on the primary façade, only energy efficiency measures that are removable and do not permanently alter the resource shall be used. This includes, but is not limited to: exterior storm windows, weather-stripping.

- (C) If an owner wishes to improve the energy efficiency of windows located on a façade other than the primary façade, measures that are removable and do not permanently alter the resource shall be used. This includes but is not limited to: exterior storm windows, weather-stripping. Reuse of the original window frame and sash with replacement glass that maintains the overall design and appearance of the window is allowed. Example: Replacement of single pane glass with new energy efficient double-paned glass is permissible, so long as the window is in satisfactory condition, muntins are wide enough to hold the double-paned glass, the double-paned glass can be inserted into the original window sash, there are only minor alterations to the overall design of the window, and the double-paned glass is not visibly tinted or reflective.
- (c) Doors. Replacement of doors in historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources shall be allowed only where the owner has attempted to repair the original door, but repair was not feasible due to the poor condition of the original materials. If the doors are not original, then every effort shall be made to replicate the original doors; the effort shall be substantiated by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence. If the door cannot be replicated then it should be of a compatible design and material.
 - (1) Materials. All features of the door shall be replaced with materials that duplicate, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance and structural qualities of the original door.
 - (2) Design. The overall design of the door shall reproduce, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance of the original door.
- (d) Porches. Replacement of porches on historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources shall be allowed only where the owner has attempted to repair the original porch, but repair was not feasible due to the poor condition of the original materials. If the porch is not original, then every effort shall be made to replicate the original porch; the effort shall be substantiated

by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence. If the porch cannot be replicated then it should be of a compatible design and material.

- (1) Materials. All features of the porch shall be replaced with material that duplicate, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance and structural qualities of the original porch.
- (2) Design. The overall design of the porch shall reproduce, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance of the original porch.
- (e) Roofs and Cornices. Replacement of roofs and cornices on historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources shall be allowed only where the owner has attempted to repair the original roof, but repair was not feasible due to the poor condition of the original materials.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Historic specialty roofing materials, such as original tile, slate, or rolled composition roofing should be maintained in place whenever possible.
- (B) New roof materials should match the original materials in scale and texture as closely as possible. Use of plastic or concrete simulated materials is not allowed.
- (C) Composition roofing is allowed as a substitute for wood shingles in a complete replacement.
- (D) Imitation slate and wood are allowed as a substitute for original materials in a complete replacement.

- (A) The original roof and cornice form and detailing shall be preserved.
- (B) Original eave overhangs shall be maintained.
- (C) Cutting back roof rafter and soffits, boxing in exposed rafter tails, adding fascia boards where none existed, or otherwise altering the historical roof overhang is not allowed.
- (D) To the extent feasible, inappropriate repairs or additions should be removed or corrected.

(3) Solar Panels, Rooftop Mechanical Devices, and Skylights. Solar panels and other rooftop mechanical structures may be added to historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources.

(A) Materials.

- (i) Non-reflective glass and metal panels are allowed.
- (ii) Reflective glass and plastic frames are prohibited.

- (i) Solar panels shall not alter the existing profile of the roof, and shall be mounted parallel to the roof plane on rear-facing roofs or placed on the ground in an inconspicuous location.
- (ii) Satellite dishes, TV antennae and other rooftop mechanical structures shall be installed so they are not visible from the street and do not damage or obscure significant architectural features of the resource.
- (iii) Skylights shall be flat and shall not alter the existing profile of the roof. Bubble-type skylights are prohibited.
- (f) Missing Features. Features that were present on a historic contributing building and individually listed public historic resources during the period of significance but which were later removed may be reconstructed.
 - (1) Materials. Materials used in the replacement shall match as closely as practicable the composition, design, texture, and other visual qualities of the materials of the missing feature.
 - (2) Design. The design shall accurately duplicate the missing feature. The design shall be substantiated by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence. Evidence does not include conjectural designs, or the appearance of features or different elements from other buildings or structures built during the period of significance.
- (g) Alterations and Additions. Additions to and alterations of the historic contributing building and individually listed public historic resources are allowed.
 - (1) Materials.

- (A) Building materials shall be of traditional dimensions.
- (B) Material shall be of the same type, quality and finish as original material in the building.
- (C) New masonry added to a building shall, to the greatest extent feasible, match the color, texture and bonding pattern of the original masonry.
- (D) For those areas where original material must be disturbed, original material shall be retained to the maximum extent possible.
- (2) Design. Alterations or additions shall:
 - (A) Be located at the rear, or on an inconspicuous side, of the building.
 - (B) Be designed and constructed to minimize changes to the building.
 - (C) Be limited in size and scale such that a harmonious relationship is created with the original building.
 - (D) Be designed and constructed in a manner that significant historical, architectural or cultural features of the building are not obscured, damaged, or destroyed.
 - (E) Be designed to be compatible with the size, scale, material, and character of the building, and the district generally.
 - (F) Not destroy or adversely impact existing distinctive materials, features, finishes and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that are part of the building.
 - (G) Be constructed with the least possible loss of historic materials.
 - (H) Not create a false sense of historical development by including features that would appear to have been part of the building during the period of significance but whose existence is not supported by historical evidence.
 - (I) Be designed in a manner that makes it clear what is original to the building and what is new.
 - (J) Be designed to reflect, but not replicate, the architectural styles of the period of significance.

- (K) Preserve features of the building that have occurred over time and have attained significance in their own right,
- (L) Preserve distinguishing original qualities of the building and its site.
- (M) Not increase the height of a building to more than four stories.
- (h) Decks. Replacement and addition of decks in historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources is allowed.
 - (1) Materials. The deck shall be constructed of wood, a wood composite, or a material available during the period of significance.
 - (2) Design. The deck shall:
 - (A) Be located off the rear of the resource.
 - (B) Not obscure any significant architectural features of the resource.
 - (C) Be of a reasonable size and scale in relationship to the resource.
 - (D) Shall not extend beyond the width of the existing footprint of the resource.
- (i) Lintels, Architraves, Sills, and other Architectural Details. Replacement of lintels, architraves, sills and other architectural details in historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources shall be allowed only where the owner has attempted repair, but repair was unfeasible due to the poor condition of the original materials. If the feature is not original then every effort shall be made to replicate the original feature; the effort shall be substantiated by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence. If the feature cannot be replicated then it should be of a compatible design and material.
 - (1) Materials.
 - (A) Existing architectural details shall be retained.
 - (B) Original material shall, if possible, be retained or repaired.
 - (C) If replacement material is required, similar material shall be used.
 - (2) Design.
 - (A) The replacement shall, to the greatest extent feasible, match design, size, proportions, and profile of the original architectural details.

- (B) Architectural details should not be added unless there is archival evidence suggesting their presence and design.
- (j) Accessibility. Additions or alterations to improve accessibility are allowed.
 - (1) Materials. To the greatest extent practicable, materials shall be of the same type, quality, design, size, finish, proportions and configuration of the original materials in the building.

(2) Design.

- (A) Additions or alterations to improve accessibility should be designed in a manner that identifies the building's character-defining spaces and features and prevents their damage or loss.
- (B) Additions and alterations to improve accessibility should be designed in a manner that is compatible with the building and its setting.
- (k) Energy Efficiency. Retrofitting historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources to achieve energy efficiency is permitted, if the retrofitting preserves the building's historic character.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Materials shall be of a type and quality that will not result in degradation of original material in the resource. Example: Addition of insulation to exterior walls should not negatively affect the function of the wall assembly.
- (B) The materials for any retrofitted architectural elements shall comply with the standards for materials for such elements set forth in this section. This includes, but is not limited to, windows and doors.

- (A) To the extent practicable, original systems to control ventilation, such as double hung, transom windows and awnings, shall be preserved.
- (B) Before seeking to replace windows or doors, improve thermal efficiency through weather stripping, storm windows, interior shades, blinds and awnings.

- (C) The designs of any retrofitted architectural elements shall comply with the standards for replacement of such elements set forth in this section.
- (D) Retrofitting shall be designed in a manner that prevents loss of original material or architectural elements.
- (l) Mechanical Equipment and Service Areas. Addition and replacement of mechanical equipment is permitted. This includes, but is not limited to: heating and cooling systems, solar panels, telecommunications equipment and dumpster enclosures.
 - (1) Materials. Materials shall be harmonious in type, color, scale, texture, and proportions with the building and the district generally.

- (A) Mechanical equipment and service areas should be located out of public view and designed as an integral part of the overall building design.
- (B) Mechanical equipment and service areas should be placed at the rear of the building, recessed on the roof of the building, or screened by appropriate fencing.
- (C) Low-profile mechanical units and elevator shafts may be placed on rooftops if they are not visible from the street, or are set back and screened from view.
- (D) Solar panels should have low profiles and not be visible from right of way, other than alleys, and shall be installed in a manner that minimizes damage to historic materials.
- (E) Skylights shall be flat and shall not alter the existing profile of the roof. Bubble-type skylights are prohibited.
- (F) Mechanical equipment placed at street level should be screened in a manner that is compatible with the streetscape and adjacent buildings.
- (G) New skylights and vents shall be placed behind and below the parapet level.

(m) Awnings and Canopies.

- (1) Materials. Replacement or installation of awnings and canopies on historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources is allowed.
 - (A) Materials that are compatible with the character of the building's period and style shall be used.
 - (B) Canvass is an approved material for awnings and canopies.

- (A) Awnings shall be located within window openings and below transoms.
- (B) Umbrella-type awnings and non-historic forms are not permitted.
- (C) Awnings shall be attached in such a manner that historic materials or features are not damaged.
- (D) Marquees may be used where compatible with the building and neighboring buildings.
- (E) Awnings, canopies, or marquees shall not obscure significant architectural features on the building.
- (F) Awnings, canopies, or marquees shall have size, scale and design that are compatible with the building and neighboring buildings.
- (n) New Accessory Structures. New accessory structures may be built on the site of historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources.
 - (1) Materials. New accessory structures shall have the same siding material as the primary resources, or consistent with other primary structures in the zone.
 - (2) Design. New accessory structures shall:
 - (A) Not be located on or around the primary façade of an existing resource.
 - (B) Be no taller than one story.
 - (C) Be similar in character to those built during the period of significance.

- (D) Be subordinate to the primary structure in terms of mass, size, and height.
- (o) Fences. Fences may be added to sites of historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources, provided the fence will not result in the removal or destruction of site features identified as significant on the historic resource inventory.
 - (1) Materials. The fence shall be constructed of traditional materials that were available during the period of significance.
 - (2) **Design.** Fences shall be no taller than four feet in the front yard and no taller than six feet in side and rear yards.
- (p) Retaining Walls. Retaining walls may be added to sites of historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources, provided the retaining wall will not result in the removal or destruction of site features identified as significant on the historic resource inventory.
 - (1) Materials. The retaining wall shall be constructed of traditional materials that were available during the period of significance. Example: If the period of significance is 1920-1940 the materials that were available included, but were not limited to, rusticated stone, formed concrete, poured concrete, and brick.
 - (2) Design. Retaining walls shall be no taller than two feet in the front and four feet on the side and rear yards.
- (q) Site Features. Replacement or alteration of site features of a historic contributing building and individually listed public historic resources that are identified as significant features on the historic resource inventory, including, but not limited to, driveways, sidewalks, gardens, significant trees, or geological features is allowed, unless the replacement or alteration would materially alter or destroy the features.
 - (1) Materials. Materials shall duplicate, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance and physical qualities of the original materials. Example: Rhododendron hedge planted during the period of significance is replanted with heritage varieties available during the period of significance.

(2) Design. The design shall reproduce, to the greatest extent possible, the
appearance of the original site feature. Example: If the site contains a Lord
and Schryver garden, the replacements shall be allowed provided the original
design and location of plantings of the historical garden are retained.
Section 9. The following SRC 230.062 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:
230,062. Signs in Public Historic Districts. Signs in public historic districts and on an
individually listed public historic resource shall comply with this section, as well as any
applicable requirements set forth in SRC Chapter 900.

- (a) Historic signs shall be retained whenever possible, particularly if the sign is associated with historic figures, events or places, significant as evidence of the history of the product, business or service advertised, significant as reflecting the history of the building or the development of the historic district, characteristic of a specific period, or integral to the building's or structure's design or physical fabric.
- (b) Reconstruction of historic signs shall only be allowed if there is sufficient historical, pictorial, and physical documentation to replicate the sign's appearance at a specific period of time and in its historic location.
- (c) New signs shall:
 - (1) Be compatible with the size, scale, and design of the historic resource.
 - (2) Be located where they do not obscure significant features of a historic resource.
 - (3) Use materials that are compatible with and characteristic of the period of significance.
 - (4) Be attached in a manner that prevents damage to historic materials.
 - (5) Any sign identifying the use of the building or structure shall be limited to the minimum size necessary to provide such identification.

Section 10. The following SRC 230.063 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

230.063. Standards for Non-Contributing Buildings and Structures in Public Historic Districts. Modifications to non-contributing buildings in public historic districts shall comply with this section.

(a) Masonry, Siding, Exterior Trim, and Minor Architectural Features.

Replacement of masonry, siding, and exterior trim of non-contributing buildings is allowed.

(1) Materials.

- (A) For historic non-contributing buildings, material dating from the period of significance shall, if possible, be retained or repaired.
- (B) Replacement materials shall be, to the greatest degree possible, of the same type, quality, design, size, finish, proportions, and configuration of the materials commonly used on other buildings in the district.

(2) Design.

- (A) The design shall, to the greatest degree possible, match the color, texture and bonding pattern of the original materials.
- (B) For historic non-contributing buildings the appearance of original materials that were used on the building during the period of significance shall be restored or reconstructed whenever possible.
- (b) Windows. Replacement of windows in historic non-contributing buildings is allowed.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Windows dating from the period of significance shall, if feasible, be retained and repaired or restored.
- (B) Replacement materials shall be, to the greatest extent practicable, of the same type, quality, design, size, finish, proportions and configuration of windows commonly used on other buildings in the district.
- (C) Glass block or tinted, mirrored, opaque, or colored glass is not permitted, unless it is the historic glazing type.

(2) Design.

(A) Replacement windows should, to the greatest degree possible, match design, size, proportions, configuration, reflective qualities and profile of the original windows dating from the period of significance, if documentary evidence of the appearance is available.

- (B) The size and shape of the window openings dating from the period of significance should be preserved so that the configuration of the façade is not changed.
- (C) Original openings that have been covered or blocked should be reopened when feasible.
- (D) New window openings into the principal elevations, enlargement or reduction of original window openings, and infill of original window openings are not permitted.
- (E) Window styles historically used on upper levels shall not be installed at storefront level, and storefront windows shall not be installed on upper levels.
- (F) Commercial window types shall not be substituted with residential window types, unless the type of window being replaced is residential.
- (G) Interior grilles, grilles between layers of insulating glass, or stenciled mullions in lieu of true divided lights or exterior mullions are not permitted.
- (c) Doors. Replacement of doors in non-contributing buildings shall be allowed.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Doors dating from the period of significance shall, if possible, be retained and repaired or restored.
- (B) Replacement materials shall be, to the greatest degree possible, of the same type, quality, design, size, finish, proportions and configuration of the doors commonly found in the district.

(2) Design.

- (A) Replacement doors shall, to the greatest degree possible, match design, size, proportions and profile of the original door dating from the period of significance, if documentary evidence of the appearance is available.
- (B) Original door openings that have been covered or blocked should be reopened when feasible.

- (C) The size and shape of original door openings should be preserved so that the configuration of the façade is not changed.
- (D) Commercial door types shall not be substituted with residential door types, unless the type of door being replaced is residential.
- (d) Porches. Replacement of porches on non-contributing buildings is allowed.

(1) Materials.

- (A) All features of the porch shall be replaced with material that duplicate, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance and structural qualities of the original porch.
- (B) Replacement materials shall duplicate, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance and structural qualities that are consistent with building materials on buildings in the district.
- (C) Wood lap, shingles, brick, and stone are appropriate materials.
- (D) Alternative materials shall appear similar in scale, proportion, texture and finish with buildings in the district.
- (2) Design. The design should be similar in dimension, style, pattern and detail to porches on buildings in the district.
- (e) Roofs and Corniccs. Replacement of roofs and cornices on non-contributing buildings shall be allowed.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Historic specialty roofing materials, such as original tile, slate, or rolled composition roofing dating from the period of significance should be maintained in place whenever possible.
- (B) Replacement materials that are visible from the street shall be, to the greatest degree possible, of the same type, quality, design, size, finish, proportions and configuration of the roof and cornices commonly found in the district. Plastic or concrete simulated materials are not allowed. Imitation slate and wood are allowed as a substitute for original materials in a complete replacement.

(2) Design.

- (A) To the extent practicable, original roof and cornice components visible from the street dating from the period of significance shall be preserved.
- (B) Eave overhangs dating from the period of significance shall be maintained.
- (C) Restoration of the appearance of the roof and cornice that is visible from the street, based on historical research and physical evidence from the period of significance, is preferred.
- (D) Replacement of roofs and cornices that are contemporary in design shall be compatible with the scale, proportions, massing, height, rhythm, materials, color and texture of historic buildings in the district,
- (E) Cutting back roof rafters and soffits, boxing in exposed rafter tails, adding fascia boards where none existed, or otherwise altering material that dates from the period of significance is not allowed.
- (F) To the extent practical, inappropriate repairs or additions that occurred after the period of significance should be removed or corrected.
- (f) Missing Features. Features that were present on a non-contributing building during the period of significance but which were later removed may be reconstructed.
 - (1) Materials. Materials used in the replacement shall match as closely as practicable the composition, design, texture, and other visual qualities of the materials of the missing feature.
 - (2) Design. The design accurately duplicates the missing feature. The design shall be substantiated by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence. Evidence does not include conjectural designs, or the appearance of features or different elements from other buildings or structures built during the period of significance.
- (g) Alterations and Additions. Additions and alterations that comply with the standards in this section may be made to historic non-contributing buildings.

Whenever practical, additions and alterations to historic non-contributing buildings should result in the restoration of missing features from the period of significance, or the removal of alterations that were made outside of the period of significance.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Materials shall be consistent with those present in buildings in the district generally.
- (B) Roofing materials shall have a non-reflective, matte finish.

(2) Design.

- (A) The location for an addition shall be at the rear, or on an inconspicuous side of the building.
- (B) Changes to features of a historic non-contributing building that date from the period of significance shall be minimized.
- (C) The design shall be compatible with the character of non-contributing buildings in the historic district and create a harmonious relationship with historic contributing buildings in the district generally. Factors in evaluating the design under this paragraph include, but are not limited to:
 - (i) Similarities in the size and scale to those used in historic contributing buildings in the district generally.
 - (ii) Use of architectural features that reflect, or are similar to, the architectural style of historic contributing buildings in the district.
 - (iii) Simple gable or hipped roofs with a pitch similar to surrounding buildings are generally appropriate. Flat roofs may be appropriate when the prevailing styles of architecture provide an appropriate context. Exotic or complex roof forms that detract from the visual continuity of the district are generally inappropriate.
 - (iv) Additions should have a similar mass to surrounding buildings.
 - (v) Front elevations should appear similar in scale to those seen traditionally in the surrounding neighborhood.

- (vi) The width and height of the addition should not exceed the typical dimensions seen in the district.
- (vii) Simple rectangular building forms are generally preferred.
- (D) The design shall make clear what is original and what is new.
- (E) Features that have been added over time and have attained significance in their own right shall be preserved, even if the features do not reflect the period of significance.
- (F) An addition that adds stories shall increase the height of a building to no more than four stories.
- (h) Deeks. Replacement and addition of decks in non-contributing buildings is allowed, subject to the following standards:
 - (1) Materials. The deck shall be constructed of wood, a wood composite, or a material available during the period of significance.
 - (2) Design. The deck shall:
 - (A) Be located off the rear of the resource.
 - (B) Be of a reasonable size and scale in relationship to the resource.
- (i) Lintels, Architraves, Sills, and other Architectural Details. Replacement of lintels, architraves, sills, and other architectural details on non-contributing buildings is allowed.
 - (1) Materials.
 - (A) Materials dating from the period of significance shall, if possible, be retained and repaired or restored.
 - (B) Replacement materials shall be, to the greatest extent practicable, of the same type, quality, design, size, finish, proportions and configuration commonly found in the district.
 - (2) Design.
 - (A) To the extent practicable, original material dating from the period of significance shall be preserved.

- (B) Restoration of the appearance of architectural details that are visible from the street, based on historical research and physical evidence from the period of significance, is preferred.
- (C) Replacement of architectural details that are contemporary in design shall be compatible with the scale, proportions, massing, height, rhythm, materials, color, and texture of historic buildings in the district.
- (j) Accessibility. Additions or alterations to improve accessibility are allowed.
 - (1) Materials. Materials shall be, to the greatest extent practicable, of the same type, quality, design, size, finish, proportions and configuration of the original materials in the building.

(2) Design.

- (A) Additions or alterations to improve accessibility shall be designed in a manner that identifies the building's character-defining spaces and features, and prevents their damage or loss.
- (B) Additions and alterations to improve accessibility should be designed in a manner that is compatible with the building and its setting.
- (k) Energy Efficiency. Retrofitting non-contributing buildings to achieve energy efficiency is permitted, if the retrofitting preserves the character of the historic district.
 - (1) Materials. The materials for any retrofitted architectural elements shall comply with the standards for materials for such elements set forth in this section. This includes, but is not limited to, windows and doors.

(2) Design.

- (A) To the extent practicable, original systems to control ventilation, such as double hung, transom windows and awnings, dating from the period of significance shall be preserved.
- (B) The designs of any retrofitted architectural elements shall comply with the standards for replacement of such elements set forth in this section. This includes, but is not limited to, windows and doors.

- (C) Retrofitting shall be designed in a manner that prevents loss of original material or architectural elements dating from the period of significance.
- (I) Mechanical Equipment and Service Areas. Addition and replacement of mechanical equipment is permitted. This includes, but is not limited to: heating and cooling systems, solar panels, telecommunications equipment, and dumpster enclosures.
 - (1) Materials. Materials shall be harmonious in type, color, scale, texture, and proportions with the building and the district generally.

(2) Design.

- (A) Mechanical equipment and service areas should be located out of public view and designed as an integral part of the overall building design.
- (B) Mechanical equipment and service areas should be placed at the rear of the building, recessed on the roof of the building, or screened by appropriate fencing.
- (C) Low-profile mechanical units and elevator shafts may be placed on rooftops if they are not visible from the street, or are set back and screened from view.
- (D) Solar panels should have low profiles and not be visible from right of way, other than alleys, and shall be installed in a manner that minimizes damage to historic materials.
- (E) Skylights shall be flat and shall not alter the existing profile of the roof. Bubble-type skylights are prohibited.
- (F) Mechanical equipment placed at street level should be screened in a manner that is compatible with the streetscape and adjacent buildings.
- (G) New skylights and vents shall be placed behind and below the parapet level.
- (m) Awnings and Canopies. Replacement or installation of awnings and canopies on non-contributing buildings is allowed.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Materials that are compatible with the character of the district shall be used.
- (B) Canvass is an approved material for awnings and canopies.

(2) Design.

- (A) Awnings shall be located within window openings, and below transoms.
- (B) Umbrella-type awnings and non-historic forms are not permitted.
- (C) Awnings shall be attached in such a manner that historic materials or features are not damaged.
- (D) Marquees may be used where compatible with the building and neighboring buildings.
- (E) Awnings, canopies, or marquees shall not obscure significant architectural features on the building.
- (F) Awnings, canopies, or marquees shall have size, scale, and design that are compatible with the building and neighboring buildings.
- (n) New Accessory Structures. New accessory structures may be built on the site of non-contributing buildings, subject to the following standards:

(1) Materials.

- (A) Building materials shall be of traditional dimensions.
- (B) Siding material shall be consistent with those present in buildings in close proximity to the accessory, generally.
- (2) Design. New accessory structures shall:
 - (A) Not be located on or around the primary façade of an existing resource.
 - (B) Be no taller than one story.
 - (C) Be of a reasonable size and scale in relationship to the building.
- (o) Fences. Fences may be added to sites of non-contributing buildings, provided the fencing will not result in the removal or destruction of site features identified as significant on the historic resource inventory for the district.

- (1) Materials. Fences shall be constructed of traditional materials that were available during the period of significance.
- (2) Design. Fences shall be no taller than four feet in the front yard and no taller than six feet in side and rear yards.
- (p) Retaining Walls. Retaining walls may be added to sites of non-contributing buildings, provided the retaining wall will not result in the removal or destruction of site features identified as significant on the historic resource inventory for the district.
 - (1) Materials. The retaining wall shall be constructed of traditional materials that were available during the period of significance. Example: If the period of significance is 1920-1940, the materials that were available included, but were not limited to, rusticated stone, formed concrete, poured concrete, and brick.
 - (2) Design. Retaining walls shall be no taller than two feet in the front and four feet on the side and rear yard.
- (q) Site Features. Replacement or alteration of site features of a non-contributing building that are identified as significant features on the historic resource inventory for the district, including, but not limited to, driveways, sidewalks, gardens, significant trees, or geological features is allowed, unless the replacement or alteration would materially alter or destroy the features.
 - (1) Materials. Materials shall duplicate, to the greatest degree practicable, the appearance and physical qualities of the original materials. Example: Rhododendron hedge planted during the period of significance is replanted with heritage varieties available during the period of significance.
 - (2) Design. The design shall reproduce, to the greatest extent practicable, the appearance of the original site feature. Example: If the site contains a Lord and Schryver garden, the replacements shall be allowed provided the original design and location of plantings of the historical garden are retained.

Section 11. The following SRC 230,064 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

230.064. Standards for New Construction in Public Historic Districts. New buildings may be constructed in public historic districts, subject to the following standards:

(a) Materials.

- (1) The primary facade shall be constructed of building materials that are consistent with other primary structures in the vicinity.
- (2) Materials used in the construction shall be identical or similar those available for similar buildings or structures built during the period of significance.
- (3) Materials shall be similar in scale, proportion, texture, and finish to those found on nearby historic structures.

(b) Design.

- (1) Within all public historic districts, other than the Oregon State Hospital District, the design shall be compatible with general character of historic contributing buildings in the historic district. Factors in evaluating compatibility include, but are not limited to:
 - (A) The height, width, proportions, size and scale is consistent with those used in similar historic contributing buildings in the district generally.
 - (B) The design reflects, but does not replicate, the architectural style of historic contributing buildings in the district.
 - (C) Architectural elements that are similar to those found on historic contributing buildings in the historic district are used.
 - (D) Architectural elements such as lintels, cornices, doors, and windows reflect the spacing, placement, scale, orientation and proportion of buildings in the district.
 - (E) The front façade is designed with proportions that are compatible with adjacent buildings in the vicinity.
- (2) Within the Oregon State Hospital District the design shall be compatible with general character of the historic contributing buildings, as identified in Table 230-4, located in the zone, as identified in Figure 230-5, where the work is occurring.
 - (A) The height, width, proportions, size and scale is consistent with those used in similar historic contributing buildings in the district generally.

- (B) The design reflects, but does not replicate, the architectural style of historic contributing buildings in the district.
- (C) Architectural elements that are similar to those found on historic contributing buildings in the historic district are used.
- (D) Architectural elements such as lintels, cornices, doors, and windows reflect the spacing, placement, scale, orientation, and proportion of buildings in the district.
- (E) The front façade is designed with proportions that are compatible with adjacent buildings in the vicinity.
- (c) Mechanical Equipment and Service Areas. Mechanical equipment, including, but not limited to heating and cooling systems, solar panels, and telecommunications equipment, and service areas including, but not limited to dumpster enclosures, shall meet the following standards:
 - (1) Materials. Materials shall be harmonious in type, color, scale, texture, and proportions with the building and the district generally.

(2) Design.

- (A) Mechanical equipment and service areas should be located out of public view and designed as an integral part of the overall building design.
- (B) Mechanical equipment and service areas should be placed at the rear of the building, recessed on the roof of the building, or screened by appropriate fencing.
- (C) Low-profile mechanical units and elevator shafts may be placed on rooftops if they are not visible from the street, or are set back and screened from view.
- (D) Solar panels should have low profiles and not be visible from the street.
- (E) Skylights shall be flat and shall not alter the existing profile of the roof. Bubble-type skylights are prohibited.
- (F) Mechanical equipment placed at street level should be screened in a manner that is compatible with the streetscape and adjacent buildings.

- (1) Materials. Fences shall be constructed of traditional materials available during the period of significance.
- (2) Design. Fences shall be no taller than four feet in the front yard and no taller than six feet in side and rear yards.
- (g) Retaining Walls. Retaining walls may be included in new construction, provided the retaining wall will not result in the removal or destruction of site features identified as significant on the historic resource inventory for the district.
 - (1) Materials. The retaining wall shall be constructed of traditional materials that were available during the period of significance. Example: If the period of significance is 1920-1940, the materials that were available included, but were not limited to, rusticated stone, formed concrete, poured concrete, and brick.
 - (2) Design. Retaining walls shall be no taller than two feet in the front and four feet on the side and rear yard.
- (h) Solar Panels, Rooftop Mechanical Devices, and Skylights. Solar panels and other rooftop mechanical structures may be included in new construction.
 - (1) Materials.
 - (A) Non-reflective glass and metal panels are allowed.
 - (B) Reflective glass and plastic frames are prohibited.
 - (2) Design.
 - (A) Solar panels shall not alter the existing profile of the roof, and shall be mounted flush on rear-facing roofs or placed on the ground in an inconspicuous location.
 - (B) Satellite dishes, TV antennae and other rooftop mechanical structures shall be installed so they are not visible from the street and do not damage or obscure significant architectural feature of the resource.
 - (C) Skylights shall be flat and shall not alter the existing profile of the roof. Bubble-type skylights are prohibited.

Section 12. The following SRC 230.082 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

230.082. Public Historic Mitigation.

- (a) A public agency shall avoid inadvertent impacts to a historic resource for which the agency is responsible.
- (b) A public agency that alters an historic resource for which the agency is responsible to the degree where the alteration has adverse effect on the historic resource shall mitigate the adverse effect as provided in this subsection.
 - (1) Level of Effect. Any proposed alteration that will have an adverse effect to the historic recource shall be classified as to the level of effect, as set forth in Table 230-5. The level of effect is based on the scale of work and the location of the work. Example: An alteration that involves minor work on a secondary façade will not have as high of an adverse effect on a public historic resource as a project involving major work on a primary façade.

TABLE 230-5
PUBLIC HISTORIC MITIGATION – LEVEL OF EFFECT

Table 230-5: Public Historic Mitigation – Level of Effect						
Activity Proposed	Primary Facade	Level of Effect	Secondary Facade	Level of Effect		
Public Historic District		2001 - Backs	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$			
Demolition	Adverse Effect	Level Three	Adverse Effect	Level Two		
Accessibility Alterations and Additions	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None		
Alterations and Additions	Adverse Effect	Level Two	No Adverse Effect	None		
Awnings and Canopies Replacement or Installation	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None		
Awnings and Canopies Replacement or Installation (In- Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None		
Decks Replacement and Additions	Adverse Effect	Lcvel One	No Adverse Effect	None		
Door Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None		
Door Replacement (In-Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None		
Energy	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None		
Fences	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None		

Table 230-5: P	ublic Historic l	Mitigation –	Level of Effect	
Activity Proposed	Primary Facade	Level of Effect	Secondary Facade	Level of Effect
Lintels, Architraves, Sills, and other Architectural Details Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None
Lintels, Architraves, Sills, and other Architectural Details Replacement (In-Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None
Masonry, Siding, and Exterior Trim Replacement Details Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level Two	No Adverse Effect	None
Masonry, Siding, and Exterior Trim Replacement Details Replacement (In-Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None
Mechanical Equipment and Service Areas Addition and Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None
Murals & Signs	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None
Murals & Signs (Meeting Standards)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None
Porch Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level Two	No Adverse Effect	None
Porch Replacement (In-Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None
Restoration of Missing Features	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None
Retaining Walls	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None
Roof and Cornice Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level Two	No Adverse Effect	None
Roof and Cornice Replacement (In-Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Effect	None
Site Features Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None
Site Features Replacement (In- Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None
Window Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level Two	No Adverse Effect	None
Window Replacement (In-Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None

(2) Mitigation Required. Mitigation shall be commensurate with the level, as set forth in this paragraph.

(A) Level One: Minor Adverse Effect.

Work involves loss of historic features or minor alterations. Mitigation shall include photo documentation of original feature or features prior to removal and an Intensive Level documentation of the historic resource. The historic resource shall be documented utilizing the standards for photographing and documenting historic resources established by the SHPO.

(B) Level Two: Moderate Adverse Effect.

Work involves major alterations or additions. Mitigation shall include photo documentation of original feature or features prior to commencement of work, ILS level documentation of the historic resource, and the development of both on-site and stand-alone educational materials which will meaningfully educate the public about the historic resource. Examples of stand-alone educational materials include, but are not limited to, informational websites and pamphlets. A digital version of any educational materials shall be provided and adequate hard copies printed for distribution by the City. On-site materials include, but are not limited to, informational kiosks or panels containing historical photos, architectural information and maps relating to the historic resource and site that are installed on the site of the historic resource.

(C) Level Three: Major Adverse Effect.

Work results in demolition of a historic resource. Mitigation shall include photo documentation of historic resource prior to commencement of demolition. ILS level documentation of the historic resource, and the development of both on-site and stand-alone educational materials which will meaningfully educate the public about the historic resource, and donation to the City's Historic Perservation Trust Fund, as provided in this paragraph. Examples of stand-alone educational materials include, but are

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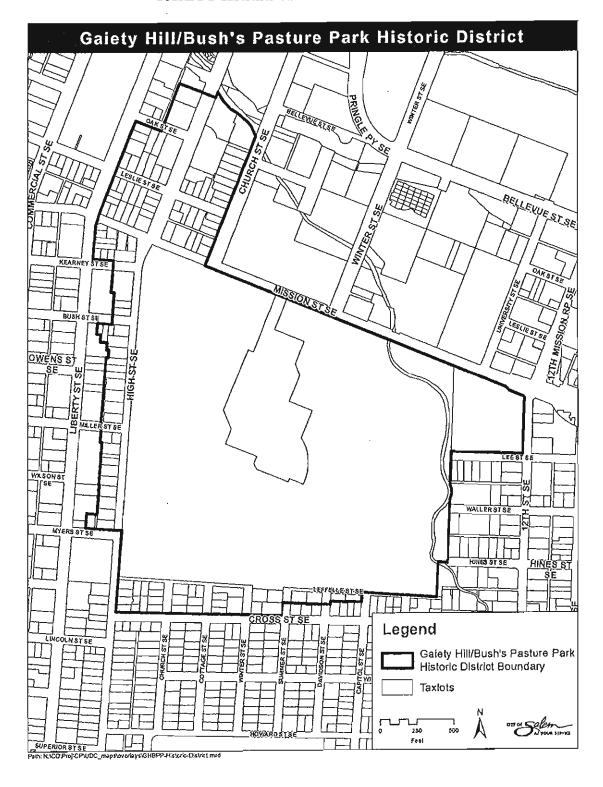
not limited to, informational websites and pamphlets. A digital version of any educational materials shall be provided along, and adequate hard copies printed for distribution by the City. On-site materials include, but are not limited to, informational kiosks or panels containing historical photos, architectural information and maps relating to the historic resource and site that are installed on the site of the historic resource. The public agency shall donate 0.1% of the estimated market value of the historic resource to the City's Historic Preservation Trust Fund.

(3) Completion of Mitigation. Mitigation shall be complete at the time of completion of project giving rise to the required mitigation.

Section 13. The following SRC 230.200 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

230.200. Historic Districts. The historic districts in Salem are:

(a) Gaicty Hill/Bush's Pasture Park Historic District (Figure 230-1). The Gaicty Hill/Bush's Pasture Historic District was listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1986. The period of significance is 1878-1938. The area of the District is 143 acres, and includes one hundred and thirteen historic contributing resources and thirty-two non-contributing resources. Resources are primarily residential, and the most predominant style the Craftsman Bungalow. The District includes four major Lord and Schryver gardens. The District is most noted for Bush's Pasture Park, located at the center of the District.



(b) Court Street-Chemeketa Street Historic District (Figure 230-2). The Court Street-Chemeketa Historic District was listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1987. The period of significance is 1860-1937. The area of the District is 38.75 acres and includes ninety-nine historic contributing and forty-eight noncontributing resources. The overall character of the District is that of a late 19th and early 20th century neighborhood. Resources are primarily residential. The District is named for its two east-west streets. Court Street is a 99-foot wide boulevard lined with larger and older houses. Chemeketa Street is narrower and lined primarily with bungalows and cottages, some of which front Mill Creek.

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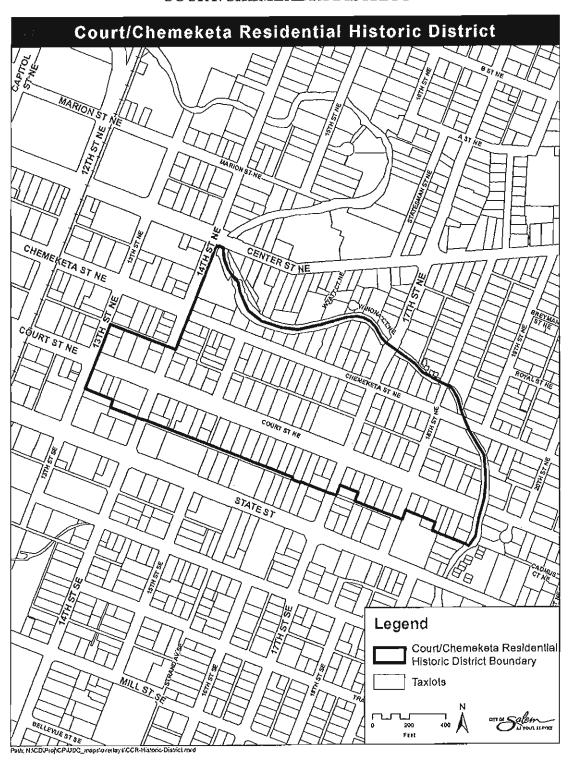
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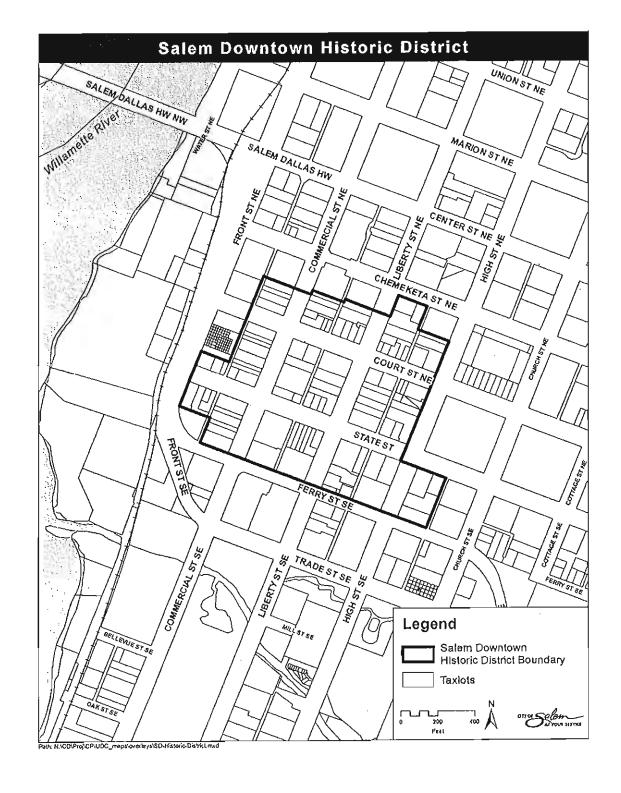
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(c) Salem Downtown Historic District (Figure 230-3). The Salem Downtown Historic District was listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2001. The period of significance is 1867-1950. The District is comprised of approximately seven city blocks and includes fifty-seven historic contributing resources and thirty-five non-contributing resources. Resources are primarily commercial in character. The District comprises commercial buildings which share a continuity of scale, lot-line development at the street, common building materials such as brick and concrete, and stylistic elements derived from traditional architectural styles such as Richardsonian Romanesque and Italianate. The storefronts throughout the District reflect both the downtown's early development, as well as efforts to modernize over time.



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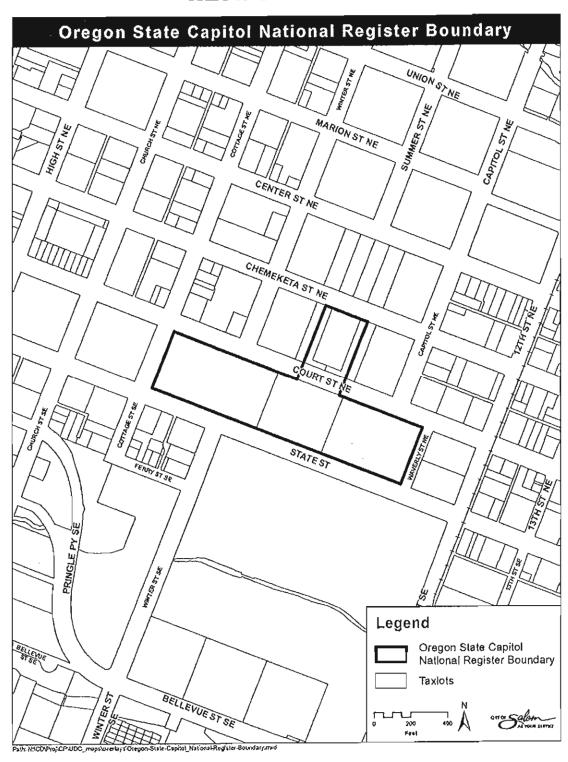
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(d) Oregon State Capitol (Figure 230-4). The Oregon State Capitol was listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1988. The Oregon State Capitol was constructed between 1936 and 1938, is 14.49 acres; includes the Capitol Building and adjacent wings, Wilson Park to the west, Capitol Park to the east, and extends to the north from the Capitol steps across Court Street to include one block of the former East and West Summer Streets and the sunken lawn terrace between these two streets.

FIGURE 230-4 OREGON STATE CAPITOL



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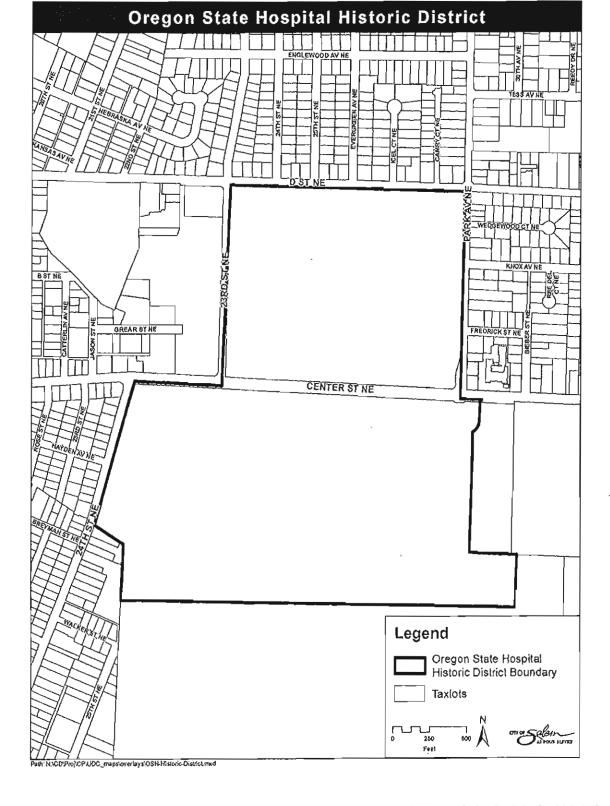
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(e) Oregon State Hospital District (Figure 230-5). The Oregon State Hospital District was listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2008. The period of significance is 1883-1958. The area of the District had sixty-seven resources at the time of designation. The resources included buildings constructed for office use, a physical plant and support buildings, patient treatment wards, and staff residences.

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Ţ	Section 13. The following SRC 230,225 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:
2	230.225. Individually Listed Resources. The list of individually listed local resources sha
3	be maintained by the Director. The list may be maintained electronically, and shall be
4	available to the general public.
5	Section 14. SRC 230.060 is repealed:
6	230.060. Public Historic Districts. Historic preservation activity in districts that contain
7	primarily public buildings shall comply with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for
8	Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings, published by the U.S.
9	Department of the Interior, National Park Service.
10	Section 15. Severability. The sections and subsections of this ordinance are severable. The
11	invalidity of one section or subsection shall not affect the validity of the remaining sections or
12	subsections.
13	Section 16. Codification. In preparing this ordinance for publication and distribution, the City
14	Recorder shall not alter the sense, meaning, effect, or substance of this ordinance, but within
15	such limitations, may:
16	(a) Renumber sections and parts of sections of the ordinance;
17	(b) Rearrange sections;
8	(c) Change reference numbers to agree with renumbered chapters, sections or other parts;
9	(d) Delete references to repealed sections;
20	(c) Substitute the proper subsection, section, or chapter or other division numbers;
21	(f) Change capitalization and spelling for the purpose of uniformity; and
22	(g) Correct manifest clerical, grammatical, or typographical errors.
23	PASSED by the City Council this <u>26th</u> day of <u>lugust</u> , 2013.
24	ATTEST:
25	V 1 1 State
26	-Kather Hall
27	City Recorder
8	Approved by City Attorney:
9	Checked by: K. Fitzgerald
n	g:\group\legal1\conneil\2013\062413 historic districts and preservation of public historic resources ord 25-13.doc

FOR COUNCIL MEETING OF: AGENDA ITEM NO.: June 24, 2013 8.1 (a)

TO: MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL

THROUGH: LINDA NORRIS, CITY MANAGER

FROM: VICKIE HARDIN WOODS, DIRECTOR

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

SUBJECT: SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT FOR PROPOSED HISTORIC PRESERVATION

CODE AMENDMENTS FOR PUBLIC HISTORIC RESOURCES (CA 13-06)

ISSUE:

Should the City Council schedule a public hearing on Ordinance Bill No. 25-13 to amend the historic preservation chapter, replacing the existing section SRC 230.060, Public Historic Districts, with new sections within Chapter 230 which include historic design review criteria for public historic resources?

RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends that the City Council schedule a public hearing on Ordinance Bill No. 25-13 to consider adoption of the ordinance and, after the hearing, advance Ordinance Bill No. 25-13 to second reading for enactment.

BACKGROUND:

On June 17, 2013 the City Council received a Future Report recommending that City Council advance Ordinance Bill No. 25-13 to second reading for enactment. While the Historic Landmarks Commission (HLC), initiated the code amendment process on March 21, 2013 and the HLC held a public hearing on the amendments on May 16, 2013, there have been a small number of minor revisions made to the proposed amendments since that original public hearing. Therefore, it is recommended that the City Council hold a public hearing to consider adoption of the ordinance. The revisions made between May 16, 2013 and June 17, 2013 were not substantive in nature but were meant to clarify the proposed amendments, which will provide clearer criteria and an improved, streamlined process for State agencies that own and manage public historic resources in Salem.

Glenn W. Gross, Urban Planning Administrator

Prepared by Kimberli Fitzgerald, Senior Historic Planner

Attachments: 1. HLC Recommendation to Council / Resolution HIS13-01

2. Fact Sheet / List of State-owned public historic resources

3. Letters of Support (6)

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Si necesita ayuda para comprender esta informacion, por favor llame 503-588-6173

RECOMMENDATION OF HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION CODE AMENDMENT CASE NO. CA13-06

WHEREAS, on March 21, 2013, amendments to the Salem Revised Code (SRC) were initiated by the Salem Historic Landmarks Commission to amend SRC Chapter 230 (Historic Preservation); and

WHEREAS, after due notice, a public hearing on the proposed amendments was held before the Historic Landmarks Commission on May 16, 2013. While no oral testimony was offered, six letters of written support were received; and

WHEREAS, the Historic Landmarks Commission having carefully considered the entire record of this proceeding, including the testimony presented at the hearing, and after due deliberation and being fully advised; NOW THEREFORE

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF SALEM, OREGON:

Section 1. FINDINGS:

The Historic Landmarks Commission hereby adopts as its findings of fact the staff report on this matter dated May 16, 2013, herewith attached and by this reference incorporated herein.

Section 2. ORDER:

Based upon the foregoing findings and conclusions, the Historic Landmarks Commission RECOMMENDS the City Council take the following action:

Schedule first reading of Ordinance Bill No. 25-13 to amend the historic preservation chapter, replacing existing section SRC 230.060, Public Historic Districts, with new sections within Chapter 230 that include historic design review criteria for public historic resources.

HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION VOTE

7 YES 0 NO 1 ABSENT (Carmichael)

Brian McKinley, Chair

Historic Landmarks Commission

Pursuant to SRC 300.1110(h) the City Council may proceed with adoption of an ordinance, hold a public hearing to receive additional evidence and testimony, refer the proposal back to the Historic Landmarks Commission for additional deliberation, or abandon the proposal.

The City Council will make a final decision on the proposal. The appeal of the Council decision would be to the Oregon Land Use Board of Appeals. The appeal period is 21 days from the mailing date of the Council decision.

The case file and copies of the staff report are available upon request at Room 305, Civic Center, during City business hours, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Contact Kimberli Fitzgerald, Case Manager, at 503-540-2397 or kfitzgerald@cityofsalem.net to review the case file.

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HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION RESOLUTION HL13-1

Whereas, the Salem Historic Preservation Plan ("Plan") was adopted by the Historic Landmarks on September 16, 2010; and

Whereas, the Plan Identifies several goals, strategies, and actions to improve the City's land use regulatory process for Historic Resources; and

Whereas, the Salem Historic Landmarks Commission ("Commission") established as Goal 1 of the Plan, Improve the application and review process and revise the historic preservation code and design guidelines; and

Whereas, an Identified Action is to Revise the Historic Preservation Chapter (SRC Chapter 230); and

Whereas, after staff and the Commission conducted public outreach with residents, property owners, and other stakeholders, SRC Chapter 230, was adopted by City Council in December 2010, which substantially revised the City's previous Historic Resource code; and

Whereas, SRC Chapter 230 does not include a complete section of design guidelines for Public Historic properties; and

Whereas, the Department of Administrative Services and the Oregon State Hospital Replacement Team, with the support of City staff, have prepared section SRC 230,060, Public Historic Districts; and

Whereas, a code amendment to adopt this new section and minor revisions to SRC Chapter 230 have been proposed in order to streamline the existing historic design review process; and

Whereas, proposed code amendments to the Salem Zoning Code may be initiated by the Salem Historic Landmarks Commission by resolution under SRC 300.1110(a)(2); and

Whereas, a 35-day notification to the Department of Land Conservation and Development (LCDC) is required under ORS 197.610 and OAR Chapter 660- Division 18; and

Whereas, under SRC 300.1110(e), the Urban Planning Administrator must set a date for a public hearing before the Historic Landmarks Commission and cause notice to be published; NOW THEREFORE

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION

<u>Section 1.</u> The matter of amending the Salem Revised Code, Chapter 230, modifying the existing Chapter in order to streamline the existing historic design review process and add design guidelines for Public historic properties, be set for a public hearing on May 16, 2013 before the Salem Historic Landmarks Commission in the Council Chambers, Civic Center, Salem, Oregon, pursuant to SRC 300,1110(e).

<u>Section 2.</u> The purpose of the public hearing is to receive testimony on the issue of amending the Salem Revised Code.

ADOPTED by the Salem Historic Landmarks Commission this 2/4 day of MLRCH, 2013.

Brian McKinley, HLC Chair

ATTEST:

Kimberli Fitzgerald, Senior Historic Planner

is:ICD/PLANNING/MISTORIC/COUNCIL Reports Resolutions/Historic Prevorvation Cade/Arnoudowals 2017/Public Historic Code Resolution

Public Historic Code -- Fact Sheet

City of Salem Historic Landmarks Commission Proposed Code Update 2013

Background

Existing Salem Revised Code (SRC) Chapter 230 does not include any processes or local historic design review standards for public resources. As the mitigation for the demolition of portions of the Kirkbride and associated structures within the Oregon State Hospital District, the Oregon State Hospital Replacement Team provided a proposed set of design standards. The HLC and Staff then updated the proposal to include additional provisions which would be applicable to any public resources within the City of Salem.

Similar General Design Standards for Public Resources

Designs Standards have been established for both Historic-Contributing and Non-Contributing buildings within Public Historic Districts. As with other types of resources, if a property is individually designated, the standards established within the district relating to its historic (original) use shall be used for the purpose of historic design review. Standards have been developed for alterations to individual features, such as windows and doors, major additions, and new construction. The format for these design standards follows that found within the sections for Residential and Commercial districts with criteria within two sections: (1) Materials and (2) Design.

New Provisions

• Oregon State Hospital

The Oregon State Hospital Replacement team worked with HLC staff to develop a map which identifies six separate zones within the Oregon State Hospital National Register District. These zones include: Zone 1: Historic Kirkbride, Dome Building and Building 60; Zone 2: Historic Park; Zone 3: Cottages; Zone 4: Non-historic Kirkbride Additions and Building 505; Zone 5: Facility Services and Institutional Buildings north of Center Street; and Zone 6: Openspace south of D Street. Another table defines the primary facades for each of the resources within the districts. Table 230-2.1 defines the review process for public resources. The type of review is determined by two factors: (1)the location of the work (primary/secondary façade) and (2) the type of resource (historic contributing/non-contributing). Historic design review criteria can be found in SRC 230.061 and 230.063.

Oregon State Capitol

A map and table identifying the significant features of the Oregon State Capitol have been developed. The primary facades and significant features have been identified, and type of review is determined by the location of the work and the significance of the feature affected. As with the State Hospital District, historic design review criteria can be found in SRC 230.061 and 230.063.

Public Historic Clearance Review

As authorized through ORS 358.653, currently all public agencies responsible for property fifty years old or older are required to work with the Oregon State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) to ensure that any alterations to these resources do not adversely affect these properties. This proposed new section implements this existing process through Salem's local historic preservation program, and is meant to streamline and coordinate historic design review with the SHPO and assist public agencies by providing a predictable process. Under this new code, public agencies will have a choice, to either work with the SHPO to satisfy their responsibilities under ORS 358.653 or with the City and the HLC through the new public historic property clearance review process. Components of the City's process include a table which Identifies and defines what type of work is considered an adverse effect and therefore will require mitigation.

Publically (State) Owned Designated Resources in Salem

Buildings

- 1. Oregon State Hospital District
- 2. Oregon State Capitol and Grounds
- 3. SP Railroad Station and Depot
- 4. OR State Fair Stadium and Poultry Bldg
- 5. State Forestry Building
- 6. Supreme Court Building
- 7. Justice Center
- 8. OR State Penitentiary Gatehouse/Pillars

Address

2600 Center St NE (NR) 900 Court St NE (NR) 500 13th St. NE (NR) 2330 17th St. NE (NR) 2600 State St (NR)

1163 State St. (L)

1162 Court St NE (L)

2605 State St. (L)

GACDYPLANNINGVHISTORICACODES & Ordinances/Code Amendments/CA13-06 Ch230 Public Historic Ridge Code/Public-Dwined Historic Resources List.5-15-13 Midor



Parks and Recreation Department

State Historic Preservation Office 725 Summer St NB, Ste C Salem, OR 97301-1266 (503) 986-0671 Fax (503) 986-0793 www.oregonheritage.org

RECEIVED

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February 27, 2013

COPERTY OF WELL STEME

The Honorable Anna Peterson, Mayor of Salem` Salem City Council 555 Liberty Street SE, Room 220 Salem, Oregon 97301-3503

RE; Historic Code Amendments for Public Buildings

Dear Mayor Peterson and members of the Salem City Council:

During the current course of historic code amendments, the city of Salem has been working hard to address the issue of design review of historic public buildings within the city. These buildings often have different rehabilitation and use requirements and are under different pressures than the residential or commercial buildings toward which the current code is focused. The city's intent is to provide agency project managers with a streamlined regulatory approach that offers more predictability for better cost and timeline management.

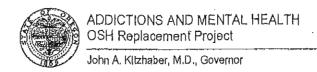
Thank you for the opportunity to be part of the discussions about the public code. We often work in tandem with the city to ensure that projects on public buildings meet the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation. In our opinion, the adoption of the new public code will help achieve the city's goals of streamlining and predictability and it will help strengthen the relationships between the city and the public agencies it works with every day. As Oregon's capital city, Salem is uniquely positioned to help protect some of the state's most important historic buildings. We think the new public code will help make that protection process easier, at both the state and local levels.

Sincerely,

Roger Roper

Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

cc: Brlan McKinley, Salem Historic Landmarks Commission





PO Box 13624, 2575 Bittern St NE Salem, OR 97309 Voice: 503-945-9245

Fax: 503-373-1893

http://www.oregon.gov/OHA/OSHRP

March 18, 2013

Mr. Brian McKinley, Chairman Historic Landmarks Committee City of Salem, Community Development Department 555 Liberty Street, Room 305 Salem, OR 97301

Dear Mr. McKinley,

As the administrator of the Oregon State Hospital Replacement Project, I have been working closely with the City of Salem and the Historic Landmarks Commission since the hospital campus was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2008.

I have read the new historic guidelines and found them to be relevant and detailed. They will serve as a clear guide for public agencies in regard to mitigation efforts, and alterations and additions to historic buildings.

Of particular note, was the effort to preserve the essential historic and architectural significance of the HLC's two major public historic resources – the Oregon State Capitol and the hospital buildings on the north side of Center Street, including the Dome Building.

The review process outlined in the new guidelines is very prescriptive and specifically addresses a number of elements, including masonry, design, materials, and missing features.

The HLC is committed to protecting and preserving valued historic resources for generations to come and these new guidelines will assure preservation issues are addressed effectively.

Sincerely,

Jodie Jones, Administrator OSH Replacement Project



503 243-1923 www.HistoricPreservationLeague.org

March 18, 2013

Anna Peterson, Mayor Salem City Council 555 Liberty Street SE, Room 305 Salem OR 97301

Re: Historic Code Amendments for Public Buildings

Mayor Peterson,

The Historic Preservation League of Oregon (HPLO) supports the City of Salem's recent efforts to add consistency, clarity, and simplicity to the design review process for historic public buildings. The HPLO recognizes that public buildings are often faced with unique challenges for reuse and rehabilitation—not the least of which is the need to minimize unnecessary public expenditures. The proposed code amendments make historic design review more efficient, while still upholding the public's expectations that historic buildings receive adequate regulatory protection.

Salem has a large number of very significant historic public buildings, many of which are in need of rehabilitation and upgrade. As the likelihood of a Cascadia Subduction Zone earthquake becomes more known to policy-makers and facility planners, we can expect a growing number of seismic retrofit projects to take place in historic public buildings in Salem and elsewhere across Oregon. The proposed code amendments would offer project managers a streamlined regulatory process for implementing these critical rehabilitation projects while also ensuring that the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation are met.

We are hopeful that the Salem's efforts to make historic design review more streamlined and predictable for public properties will be successful enough to serve as a model for other jurisdictions across Oregon.

Thank you.

Executive Director

cc. Brian McKinley, Chair, Salem Historic Landmarks Commission

Morette



Department of Transportation Highway Division/Technical Services Geo-Environmental Section 4040 Fairview Industrial Dr SE Salem, OR 97302-1142

File Code:

May 6, 2013

The Honorable Anna Peterson, Mayor of Salem Salem City Council 555 Liberty Street SE, Room 220 Salem, OR 97301-3503

RE: Historic Code Amendments for Public Buildings

Dear Mayor Peterson and members of the Salem City Council:

It has been brought to my attention, through my Cultural Resource staff, that an historic code amendment is afoot to help reduce redundancy for design review of historic public buildings within the City. If the City's intent is to provide public agencies, like the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT), with a less complicated regulatory approach that will lower both the cost and shorten the timeline, while keeping the historic buildings well-being at the forefront, there seems like little downside.

ODOT has a wide array of historic buildings, from train stations, to barns to even our own facilities as we turn 100 years this year, 2013, therefore this Code Amendment is of great importance to us. We generally work in collaboration with both the SHPO and the City to ensure that projects are compliant with SHPO and the City's compliance requirements, but providing us with a predictable and less cumbersome process that allows us to work with one of the other, versus both, will make the protection process easier, and given that both are vested in the protection of historic buildings in the City of Salem, we are certain this will not adversely affect our historic facilities.

Thatik you for the opportunity to review and comment on this important piece of legislation.

Sincerely,

Susan Haupt

Chief Environmental Officer

Oregon Department of Transportation

cc: Jim Norman, Environmental Planning Unit

Michelle Eraut, Federal Highways



Department of Forestry

State Forester's Office 2600 State Street Salem, OR 97310-1336 503-945-7200 Fax 503-945-7212 http://www.odf.state.or.us

May 8, 2013



The Honorable Anna Peterson, Mayor of Salem Salem City Council 555 Liberty Street SE, Room 220 Salem, OR 97301

RE: Historic Code Amendments for Public Buildings

Dear Mayor Peterson and members of the Salem City Council:

As an owner of a significant public historic resource located within the City of Salem, the Oregon Department of Forestry (ODF) is pleased to express its support for the new provisions to the Historic Preservation Code, Chapter 230.

In particular ODF supports the provision that creates a clear defineation of regulatory responsibility for oversight, as well as choice for our agency when undertaking required design review processes on projects related to our historic property.

In the past, the requirement to concurrently work with both the City of Salem and the Oregon State Historic Preservation Office has lead to Inefficiencies on projects causing project scope, cost and schedule impacts. We recognize and truly appreciate the City of Salem's interest as presented within these amendments to provide public agencies with a more predictable and streamlined process.

ODF looks forward to a continued positive relationship with the City of Salem as we work together to undertake the restoration of the historic State Forester's Office Building over the next several years.

Sincerely,

Robert McKee Facilities Director

Cc: Doug Decker, State Forester Satish Upadhyay, ODF Administrative Services Division Chief

Kimberli Fitzgerald - RE: public code

From:

"Isaac Randy" <randy.isaac@state.or.us> Kimberli Fitzgerald kfitzgerald@cityofsalem.net

To: Date: 5/10/2013 4:01 PM

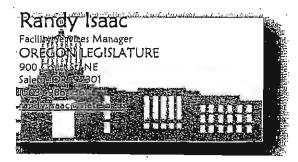
Subject: RE: public code

Kimberly,

Facilities Services Department of the Legislative Administration has reviewed the changes proposed to the City of Salem Code, and is in support of these changes related to historic design review. These provide excellent opportunitles for successful projects with enough flexibility to adjust for particular project needs.

Thank you for involving us in the development and revision process.

Respectfully,



FUTURE REPORT FOR: FOR COUNCIL MEETING OF:

AGENDA ITEM NO.:

June 17, 2013 June 24, 2013 8.1 (a)

TO: MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL

THROUGH: LINDA NORRIS, CITY MANAGER

FROM: VICKIE HARDIN WOODS, DIRECTOR

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

SUBJECT: HISTORIC PRESERVATION CODE AMENDMENTS FOR PUBLIC

HISTORIC RESOURCES (CA 13-06)

ISSUE:

Should the City Council advance to second reading for enactment Ordinance Bill No. 25-13 to amend the historic preservation chapter, replacing the existing section SRC 230.060, Public Historic Districts, with new sections within Chapter 230 which include historic design review criteria for public historic resources?

RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends that the City Council advance to second reading for enactment Ordinance Bill No. 25-13 to amend the historic preservation chapter, replacing existing section SRC 230.060, Public Historic Districts, with new sections within Chapter 230 which include historic design review criteria for public historic resources. The proposed changes will provide clearer criteria and an improved, streamlined process for public agencies who manage these public historic resources.

BACKGROUND:

On September 16, 2010, the Salem Historic Preservation Plan was adopted by the Historic Landmarks Commission. The purpose of the Plan is to guide the work program for the Historic Landmarks Commission and staff over the next ten years. Based upon public outreach, revision of the historic preservation ordinance was identified as the first priority.

A number of revisions to the historic code were adopted by City Council in December 2010 which made improvements to the review processes associated with the different types of historic design review applications for both residential and commercial historic resources, and the design review standards and guidelines applicable to them.

Existing SRC 230 does not provide specific standards for Salem's public historic resources. As mitigation for the demolition of portions of the Kirkbride and associated structures within the Oregon State Hospital District, the Oregon State Hospital Replacement Team provided a set of proposed design standards for public resources in June 2012. The HLC and staff have been working for the past year on the submitted draft to ensure that these standards can be applicable to any State-owned public historic resources (Attachment 3) within the City of Salem. Specific standards were also developed for the Oregon State Hospital District and the Capitol Building and grounds.

FACTS AND FINDINGS:

Procedural Findings

- 1. Pursuant to SRC 300.1110(a)(2), legislative land use proceedings may be initiated by the Historic Landmarks Commission (HLC) by the adoption of a resolution referring the matter to public hearing for review and recommendation to the City Council.
 - On March 21, 2013, the HLC adopted Resolution 13-01 initiating the code amendment process for the public historic code. On May 16, 2013 the HLC held a public hearing and voted to unanimously recommend that City Council enact an Ordinance to replace existing SRC 230.060.
- 2. ORS 197.610 and OAR 660-018-0020 require that notice be provided to the Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) on any proposed amendment to a local land use regulation at least 35 days prior to the first public hearing. Notice to DLCD was delivered on April 11, 2013.
- 3. ORS 227.186 requires that notice be provided to all property owners of a hearing on certain zone changes that would affect their property. Staff determined that the proposed revisions did not constitute a zone change as defined by 227.186(9). No changes to the base zone classification of any property are proposed and the proposed revisions do not limit or prohibit land uses previously allowed.
- 4. Pursuant to SRC 300.1110(c) public notice was mailed on April 25, 2013, to all neighborhood associations and other interested parties. The legal notice was published in the *Statesman-Journal* newspaper on May 2, 2013, and May 9, 2013.
- 5. The draft of the proposed code amendments, a detailed summary of the proposed changes, and a fact sheet explaining the proposed changes were published on the City's website on March 20, 2013.

Public Outreach

- 1. The draft code language was prepared by the Oregon State Hospital Replacement Team and submitted to the City of Salem in June 2012.
- 2. On June 21, 2012, August 16, 2012, September 20, 2012, November 15, 2012 and December 20, 2012, work sessions on the proposed revisions were held with the Historic Landmarks Commission.
- 3. Between November 2012 and January 2013, staff personally met with representatives from various agencies to present the proposed revisions and receive initial feedback.
- 4. On January 10, 2013, a meeting of representatives from State Agencies which are responsible for designated public historic properties was held. Representatives from Oregon Department of Administrative Services, the Oregon State Capitol, the Oregon State Hospital, and the Oregon State Historic Preservation Office were in attendance. Staff met personally with other representatives from the state agencies who were not able to attend the January meeting.
- 5. On January 17, 2013, the Historic Landmarks Commission voted to approve the revisions, with minor modifications, and recommended that a resolution be prepared to initiate the amendment process.
- 6. On March 21, 2013 the Historic Landmarks adopted Resolution 13-01 initiating the code amendment process for the public historic code.

7. Letters of support for the proposed changes were received from the following agencies: Oregon State Historic Preservation Office, Oregon Health Authority/Oregon State Hospital Replacement Project, Oregon Department of Transportation, Oregon Department of Forestry, Oregon State Legislature (Capitol) and the Historic Preservation League of Oregon.

Proposed Code Amendments

- 1. The proposed revisions are in response to the Historic Preservation Plan, adopted in 2010, and the identified need to make changes to the City's historic preservation regulations for residential and commercial resources which were adopted in 2010 (CA 10-07). However, SRC Chapter 230 does not include a complete section of design guidelines for Public Historic properties, the need for which was identified during the review process for the Oregon State Hospital Replacement Project. Important elements/concepts being addressed by the proposed revisions include:
 - a) Design Review Standards for public resources will be consistent with existing Standards. The historic design review standards adopted in December 2010 within SRC Chapter 230 are generally organized by the type of historic district (e.g. residential or commercial), and then by resource type (i.e., historic contributing, historic non-contributing, non-historic non-contributing, or new construction). The proposed amendments to SRC Chapter 230 for public historic resources establishes the design standards for specific types of work on public resources, such as siding, exterior trim and minor architectural features; windows, doors, roofs, and porches; solar panels, and rooftop mechanical devices; additions/alterations; and new construction.

The design standards are organized following a consistent format which first describes the intent of the standard and then identifies the specific requirements for materials and design for each work type. In general, for historic contributing resources, the standards first encourage the repair of original materials in order to preserve as much historic material as possible. For non-contributing resources, standards relating to the alteration of these resources encourage that the material and design be compatible with the surrounding historic district.

b) A broader range of projects can be approved administratively

During the public outreach it was discovered that owners of properties that are subject to the historic preservation ordinance would prefer that a broader range of projects be approved administratively by staff because of the amount of time needed to obtain Historic Landmark Commission (HLC) approval. Currently there are only a few categories of historic design review projects that can be approved administratively. On average, the review process for HLC historic design review is 52 days. By comparison, a staff, administrative design review averages 25 days.

Table 230-1, adopted in 2010, Is organized by type of historic district (residential or commercial) and then by the category of historic design review. Proposed Table 230-2 provides clarification for alterations proposed within public historic districts. Revising the historic preservation regulations to allow for an increased range of projects to be approved administratively will shorten the process for applicants that meet the criteria.

c) Clearer design standards will be established for public historic resources

Agency representatives who are responsible for public resources and individually listed public historic resources pointed out that the standards need to be clearer and provide a measure of certainty for applicants to know what is approvable and what is not. It was stated that the standards are nearly as vague as the guidelines and provide applicants and the HLC little guidance. Table 230-2 defines the review process for public resources. The type of review is determined by two factors: (1) the location of the work (primary/secondary façade); and (2) the type of resource (historic contributing/non-contributing).

Historic design review criteria can be found in SRC 230.061 and 230.063. Additionally, specific standards, as described below, have been provided for Salem's two primary public historic resources, the Oregon State Hospital and the Oregon State Capitol:

Oregon State Hospital

The Oregon State Hospital Replacement team worked with the HLC and staff to develop a map which identifies six separate zones, ranked from the most significant to the least within the Oregon State Hospital National Register District. These zones include: Zone 1 - Historic Kirkbride, Dome Building, and Building 60; Zone 2 - Historic Park; Zone 3 - Cottages; Zone 4 - Non-historic Kirkbride Additions and Building 505; Zone 5 - Facility Services and Institutional Buildings north of Center Street; and Zone 6 - Open space south of D Street. Table 230-4 defines the primary facades for each of the resources within the districts. The type of review is determined by the location of the work and the significance of the feature affected.

Oregon State Capitol

A map and table identifying the significant features of the Oregon State Capitol were developed. The primary facades and significant features were identified, and type of review is determined by the location of the work and the significance of the feature affected. As with the State Hospital District, historic design review criteria can be found in SRC 230.061 and 230.063.

d) Streamlined Review

As currently authorized through ORS 358.653, all public agencies responsible for property fifty years old or older are required to work with the Oregon State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) to ensure that any alterations to these resources do not adversely affect these properties. The proposed new sections SRC 230.018 and 230.082 implement this existing process through Salem's local historic preservation program, and are meant to streamline and coordinate historic design review with the SHPO and assist public agencies by providing a predictable process. Under this new code, public agencies will have a choice to either work with the SHPO to satisfy their responsibilities under ORS 358.653 or with the City and the HLC through the new public historic property clearance review process. Components of the City's process include a table which identifies and defines what type of work is considered an adverse effect which, therefore, will require mitigation.

2. The proposed new sections SRC 230.018, 230.057, 230.058, 230.060, 230.062, 230.063, 230.064, 230.082, 230.200 AND 230.225; will replace existing SRC Chapter 230.060. SRC 230.005, 230.020 will be amended within SRC Chapter 230 to accommodate additional definitions and define processes for the review of alterations for public historic resources.

Consistency with the Salem Area Comprehensive Plan

- 1. The Salem Area Comprehensive Plan (SACP) is the long-range plan for guiding development within the Salem/Keizer Urban Growth Boundary. The overall goal of the SACP is to accommodate development in a timely, orderly, and efficient arrangement of land uses and public facilities and services that meet the needs of present and future residents of the Salem urban area.
- 2. Sections IIB.7, Historic Landmarks, provides for the designation of local landmarks and districts and requires that a listing of the landmarks be on file at the City. Section IV.N, Scenic and Historic Areas, provides that the character of the resources on both the local landmarks list and the National Register of Historic Places be preserved, and that proposed alterations of these resources be reviewed.

The proposed amendments are consistent with and implement the SACP by modifying and clarifying the standards applicable to historic buildings and structures to ensure that designated structures are preserved. The proposed amendments include additional criteria which simplify and clarify the processes for historic designation and alteration review of public historic resources.

Prepared by Kimberli Fitzgerald, Senior Historic Planner

- Attachments: 1. HLC Recommendation to Council / Resolution HIS13-01
 - 2. Fact Sheet / List of State-owned public historic resources
 - 3. Letters of Support (6)

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Si necesita ayuda para comprender esta informacion, por favor llame 503-588-6173

RECOMMENDATION OF HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION CODE AMENDMENT CASE NO. CA13-06

WHEREAS, on March 21, 2013, amendments to the Salem Revised Code (SRC) were initiated by the Salem Historic Landmarks Commission to amend SRC Chapter 230 (Historic Preservation); and

WHEREAS, after due notice, a public hearing on the proposed amendments was held before the Historic Landmarks Commission on May 16, 2013. While no oral testimony was offered, six letters of written support were received; and

WHEREAS, the Historic Landmarks Commission having carefully considered the entire record of this proceeding, including the testimony presented at the hearing, and after due deliberation and being fully advised; NOW THEREFORE

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF SALEM, OREGON:

Section 1. FINDINGS:

The Historic Landmarks Commission hereby adopts as its findings of fact the staff report on this matter dated May 16, 2013, herewith attached and by this reference incorporated herein.

Section 2. ORDER:

Based upon the foregoing findings and conclusions, the Historic Landmarks Commission RECOMMENDS the City Council take the following action:

Schedule first reading of Ordinance Bill No. 25-13 to amend the historic preservation chapter, replacing existing section SRC 230.060, Public Historic Districts, with new sections within Chapter 230 that include historic design review criteria for public historic resources.

HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION VOTE

7 YES 0 NO 1 ABSENT (Carmichael)

Brian McKinley, Chair

Historic Landmarks Commission

Pursuant to SRC 300.1110(h) the City Council may proceed with adoption of an ordinance, hold a public hearing to receive additional evidence and testimony, refer the proposal back to the Historic Landmarks Commission for additional deliberation, or abandon the proposal.

The City Council will make a final decision on the proposal. The appeal of the Council decision would be to the Oregon Land Use Board of Appeals. The appeal period is 21 days from the mailing date of the Council decision.

The case file and copies of the staff report are available upon request at Room 305, Civic Center, during City business hours, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Contact Kimberli Fitzgerald, Case Manager, at 503-540-2397 or kfitzgerald@cityofsalem.net to review the case file.

G/CDIPLANNING\HISTORIC\CODES & Ordinances\Code Amendments\CA13-06 Ch230 Public Historic Bidg Code\CA13-06 HLC Recommedia to Council doc

HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION RESOLUTION HL13-1

Whereas, the Salem Historic Preservation Plan ("Plan") was adopted by the Historic Landmarks on September 16, 2010; and

Whereas, the Plan Identifies several goals, strategies, and actions to improve the City's land use regulatory process for Historic Resources; and

Whereas, the Salem Historic Landmarks Commission ("Commission") established as Goal 1 of the Plan, *Improve the application and review process and revise the historic preservation code and design guidelines; and*

Whereas, an Identified Action is to Revise the Historic Preservation Chapter (SRC Chapter 230); and

Whereas, after staff and the Commission conducted public outreach with residents, property owners, and other stakeholders, SRC Chapter 230, was adopted by City Council in December 2010, which substantially revised the City's previous Historic Resource code; and

Whereas, SRC Chapter 230 does not include a complete section of design guidelines for Public Historic properties; and

Whereas, the Department of Administrative Services and the Oregon State Hospital Replacement Team, with the support of City staff, have prepared section SRC 230.060, Public Historic Districts; and

Whereas, a code amendment to adopt this new section and minor revisions to SRC Chapter 230 have been proposed in order to streamline the existing historic design review process; and

Whereas, proposed code amendments to the Salem Zoning Code may be initiated by the Salem Historic Landmarks Commission by resolution under SRC 300.1110(a)(2); and

Whereas, a 35-day notification to the Department of Land Conservation and Development (LCDC) is required under ORS 197.610 and OAR Chapter 660- Division 18; and

Whereas, under SRC 300,1110(e), the Urban Planning Administrator must set a date for a public hearing before the Historic Landmarks Commission and cause notice to be published; NOW THEREFORE

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION

<u>Section 1.</u> The matter of amending the Salem Revised Code, Chapter 230, modifying the existing Chapter in order to streamline the existing historic design review process and add design guidelines for Public historic properties, be set for a public hearing on May 16, 2013 before the Salem Historic Landmarks Commission in the Council Chambers, Civic Center, Salem, Oregon, pursuant to SRC 300.1110(e).

<u>Section 2.</u> The purpose of the public hearing is to receive testimony on the issue of amending the Salem Revised Code.

ADOPTED by the Salem Historic Landmarks Commission this 21 day of MIRCH, 2013.

Brian McKinley, HLC Chair

ATTEST:

Kimberli Fitzgerald, Senior Historic Planner

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Public Historic Code -- Fact Sheet

City of Salem Historic Landmarks Commission Proposed Code Update 2013

Background

Existing Salem Revised Code (SRC) Chapter 230 does not include any processes or local historic design review standards for public resources. As the mitigation for the demolition of portions of the Kirkbride and associated structures within the Oregon State Hospital District, the Oregon State Hospital Replacement Team provided a proposed set of design standards. The HLC and Staff then updated the proposal to include additional provisions which would be applicable to any public resources within the City of Salem.

Similar General Design Standards for Public Resources

Designs Standards have been established for both Historic-Contributing and Non-Contributing bulldings within Public Historic Districts. As with other types of resources, if a property is individually designated, the standards established within the district relating to its historic (original) use shall be used for the purpose of historic design review. Standards have been developed for alterations to individual features, such as windows and doors, major additions, and new construction. The format for these design standards follows that found within the sections for Residential and Commercial districts with criteria within two sections: (1) Materials and (2) Design.

New Provisions

Oregon State Hospital

The Oregon State Hospital Replacement team worked with HLC staff to develop a map which identifies six separate zones within the Oregon State Hospital National Register District. These zones include: Zone 1: Historic Kirkbride, Dome Building and Building 60; Zone 2: Historic Park; Zone 3: Cottages; Zone 4: Non-historic Kirkbride Additions and Building 505; Zone 5: Facility Services and Institutional Buildings north of Center Street; and Zone 6: Openspace south of D Street. Another table defines the primary facades for each of the resources within the districts. Table 230-2.1 defines the review process for public resources. The type of review is determined by two factors: (1)the location of the work (primary/secondary façade) and (2) the type of resource (historic contributing/non-contributing). Historic design review criteria can be found in SRC 230.061 and 230.063.

Oregon State Capitol

A map and table identifying the significant features of the Oregon State Capitol have been developed. The primary facades and significant features have been identified, and type of review is determined by the location of the work and the significance of the feature affected. As with the State Hospital District, historic design review criteria can be found in SRC 230.061 and 230.063.

• Public Historic Clearance Review

As authorized through ORS 358.653, currently all public agencies responsible for property fifty years old or older are required to work with the Oregon State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) to ensure that any alterations to these resources do not adversely affect these properties. This proposed new section implements this existing process through Salem's local historic preservation program, and is meant to streamline and coordinate historic design review with the SHPO and assist public agencies by providing a predictable process. Under this new code, public agencies will have a choice, to either work with the SHPO to satisfy their responsibilities under ORS 358.653 or with the City and the HLC through the new public historic property clearance review process. Components of the City's process include a table which identifies and defines what type of work is considered an adverse effect and therefore will require mitigation.

Publically (State) Owned Designated Resources in Salem

Buildings

Address 1. Oregon State Hospital District 2600 Center St NE (NR) 900 Court St NE (NR) 2. Oregon State Capitol and Grounds 500 13th St. NE (NR) 3. SP Railroad Station and Depot 2330 17th St. NE (NR) 4. OR State Fair Stadium and Poultry Bldg 2600 State St (NR) 5. State Forestry Building 1163 State St. (L) 6. Supreme Court Building 7. Justice Center 1162 Court St NE (L) 8. OR State Penitentiary Gatehouse/Pillars 2605 State St. (L)



Parks and Recreation Department

State Historic Preservation Office 725 Summer St NB, Ste C Salem, OR 97301-1266 (503) 986-0671 Fax (503) 986-0793 www.oregonheritage.org

RECEIVED

MAR 0 7 2013

February 27, 2013

COMMITTER

The Honorable Anna Peterson, Mayor of Salem Salem City Council 555 Liberty Street SE, Room 220 Salem, Oregon 97301-3503

RE; Historic Code Amendments for Public Buildings

Dear Mayor Peterson and members of the Salem City Council:

During the current course of historic code amendments, the city of Salem has been working hard to address the issue of design review of historic public buildings within the city. These buildings often have different rehabilitation and use requirements and are under different pressures than the residential or commercial buildings toward which the current code is focused. The city's intent is to provide agency project managers with a streamlined regulatory approach that offers more predictability for better cost and timeline management.

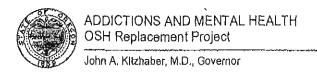
Thank you for the opportunity to be part of the discussions about the public code. We often work in tandem with the city to ensure that projects on public buildings meet the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation. In our opinion, the adoption of the new public code will help achieve the city's goals of streamlining and predictability and it will help strengthen the relationships between the city and the public agencies it works with every day. As Oregon's capital city, Salem is uniquely positioned to help protect some of the state's most important historic buildings. We think the new public code will help make that protection process easier, at both the state and local levels.

Sincerely,

Roger Roper

Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

cc: Brian McKinley, Salem Historic Landmarks Commission





PO Box 13624, 2575 Bittern St NE Salem, OR 97309

> Volce: 503-945-9245 Fax: 503-373-1893

http://www.oregon.gov/OHA/OSHRP

March 18, 2013

Mr. Brian McKinley, Chairman Historic Landmarks Committee City of Salem, Community Development Department 555 Liberty Street, Room 305 Salem, OR 97301

Dear Mr. McKinley,

As the administrator of the Oregon State Hospital Replacement Project, I have been working closely with the City of Salem and the Historic Landmarks Commission since the hospital campus was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2008.

I have read the new historic guidelines and found them to be relevant and detailed. They will serve as a clear guide for public agencies in regard to mitigation efforts, and alterations and additions to historic buildings.

Of particular note, was the effort to preserve the essential historic and architectural significance of the HLC's two major public historic resources — the Oregon State Capitol and the hospital buildings on the north side of Center Street, including the Dome Building.

The review process outlined in the new guidelines is very prescriptive and specifically addresses a number of elements, including masonry, design, materials, and missing features.

The HLC is committed to protecting and preserving valued historic resources for generations to come and these new guidelines will assure preservation issues are addressed effectively.

Sincerely,

Jodie Jones, Administrator OSH Replacement Project



503 243-1923 www.HistoricPreservationLeague.org

March 18, 2013

Anna Peterson, Mayor Salem City Council 555 Liberty Street SE, Room 305 Salem OR 97301

Re: Historic Code Amendments for Public Buildings

Mayor Peterson,

The Historic Preservation League of Oregon (HPLO) supports the City of Salem's recent efforts to add consistency, clarity, and simplicity to the design review process for historic public buildings. The HPLO recognizes that public buildings are often faced with unique challenges for reuse and rehabilitation—not the least of which is the need to minimize unnecessary public expenditures. The proposed code amendments make historic design review more efficient, while still upholding the public's expectations that historic buildings receive adequate regulatory protection.

Salem has a large number of very significant historic public buildings, many of which are in need of rehabilitation and upgrade. As the likelihood of a Cascadia Subduction Zone earthquake becomes more known to policy-makers and facility planners, we can expect a growing number of seismic retrofit projects to take place in historic public buildings in Salem and elsewhere across Oregon. The proposed code amendments would offer project managers a streamlined regulatory process for implementing these critical rehabilitation projects while also ensuring that the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation are met.

We are hopeful that the Salem's efforts to make historic design review more streamlined and predictable for public properties will be successful enough to serve as a model for other jurisdictions across Oregon.

Thank you.

Executive Director

cc. Brian McKinley, Chair, Salem Historic Landmarks Commission

y Moreth,



Department of Transportation

Highway Division/Teclurical Services
Geo-Environmental Section
4040 Fairview Industrial Dr SE
Salem, OR 97302-1142

File Code:

May 6, 2013

The Honorable Anna Peterson, Mayor of Salem Salem City Council 555 Liberty Street SE, Room 220 Salem, OR 97301-3503

RE: Historic Code Amendments for Public Buildings

Dear Mayor Peterson and members of the Salem City Council:

It has been brought to my attention, through my Cultural Resource staff, that an historic code amendment is afoot to help reduce redundancy for design review of historic public buildings within the City. If the City's intent is to provide public agencies, like the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT), with a less complicated regulatory approach that will lower both the cost and shorten the timeline, while keeping the historic buildings well-being at the forefront, there seems like little downside.

ODOT has a wide array of historic buildings, from train stations, to barns to even our own facilities as we turn 100 years this year, 2013, therefore this Code Amendment is of great importance to us. We generally work in collaboration with both the SHPO and the City to ensure that projects are compliant with SHPO and the City's compliance requirements, but providing us with a predictable and less oumbersome process that allows us to work with one of the other, versus both, will make the protection process easier, and given that both are vested in the protection of historic buildings in the City of Salem, we are certain this will not adversely affect our historic facilities.

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on this important piece of legislation.

Sincerely,

Susan Haupt

Chief Environmental Officer

Oregon Department of Transportation

cc: Jim Norman, Environmental Planning Unit Michelle Eraut, Federal Highways



Department of Forestry

State Forester's Office 2600 State Street Salem, OR 97310-1336 503-945-7200 Fax 503-945-7212 http://www.odf.state.or.us

May 8, 2013



The Honorable Anna Peterson, Mayor of Salem Salem City Council 555 Liberty Street SE, Room 220 Salem, OR 97301

RE: Historic Code Amendments for Public Buildings

Dear Mayor Peterson and members of the Salem City Council:

As an owner of a significant public historic resource located within the City of Salem, the Oregon Department of Forestry (ODF) is pleased to express its support for the new provisions to the Historic Preservation Code, Chapter 230.

In particular ODF supports the provision that creates a clear delineation of regulatory responsibility for oversight, as well as choice for our agency when undertaking required design review processes on projects related to our historic property.

In the past, the requirement to concurrently work with both the City of Salem and the Oregon State Historic Preservation Office has lead to inefficiencies on projects causing project scope, cost and schedule impacts. We recognize and truly appreciate the City of Salem's interest as presented within these amendments to provide public agencies with a more predictable and streamlined process.

ODF looks forward to a continued positive relationship with the City of Salem as we work together to undertake the restoration of the historic State Forester's Office Building over the next several years.

Sincerely,

Robert McKee Facilities Director

Cc: Doug Decker, State Forester

Satish Upadhyay, ODF Administrative Services Division Chief

Kimberli Fitzgerald - RE: public code

From:

"Isaac Randy" <randy.isaac@state.or.us>

To:

Kimberli Fitzgerald kfitzgerald@cityofsalem.net

Date:

5/10/2013 4:01 PM

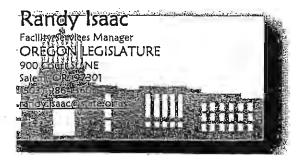
Subject: RE: public code

Kimberly,

Facilities Services Department of the Legislative Administration has reviewed the changes proposed to the City of Salem Code, and is in support of these changes related to historic design review. These provide excellent opportunities for successful projects with enough flexibility to adjust for particular project needs.

Thank you for involving us in the development and revision process.

Respectfully,



1 ORDINANCE BILL NO. 25-13 2 RELATING TO THE HISTORIC DISTRICTS AND THE PRESERVATION OF PUBLIC 3 HISTORIC RESOURCES; AMENDING SRC 230.005, SRC 230.020 AND SRC 230.085; 4 CREATING NEW PROVISIONS; AND REPEALING SRC 230,060 5 The City of Salem ordains as follows: 6 Section 1. SRC 230.005 is amended to read as follows: 7 230.005. Definitions; Rules of Decision; Administrative Resources. 8 (a) Unless the context specifically indicates otherwise, as used in this Chapter the 9 following mean: 10 (1) Alteration means a physical modification of the exterior of a historic resource that does not include an expansion of the building footprint. 11 12 Alterations do not include painting, color selection, or ordinary maintenance or repair of the resource. 13 (2) Addition means an expansion or physical modification of the exterior of a 14 15 historic resource that includes the expansion of the building footprint. Additions do not include painting and color selection or ordinary maintenance 16 17 or repair of the resource. 18 (3) Building means a structure created to shelter any form of human activity, 19 such as a house, barn, church, hotel, or similar structure. Building may refer 20 to a historically related complex such as a courthouse and jail or a house and 21 barn. 22 (4) Primary façade means that part of a historic resource where the main entry is located. On a corner lot each wall fronting the street shall be considered a 23 24 primary façade. 25 (5) Historic district means a geographically definable area containing a significant concentration, linkage, or continuity of buildings, structures, sites, 26 or objects united historically or aesthetically by plan or physical development, 27 28 and listed as a historic district in the National Register of Historic Places. A 29 historic district may also comprise individual elements separated geographically but linked by association or history. Historic districts are 30

defined by a period of significance. National Register District nominations for historic district designation are processed by the Oregon State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) and reviewed by the State Advisory Committee on Historic Preservation (SACHP). The final decision for listing on the National Register of Historic Places is made by the National Park Service. Property owners within the proposed National Register Districts are notified by SHPO and have the opportunity to object. 36 CFR 60.6 provides that if fifty-one percent of owners object to the proposed district, the nomination cannot proceed to review by SACHP and the National Park Service. The Historic Landmarks Commission and City Council have the opportunity to comment and make recommendations on the nomination prior to review by SACHP.

- (6) Historic contributing building means a building or structure in a historic district that existed during the period of significance, and has retained sufficient integrity to convey the history of the district and to contribute to its character.
- (7) Historic non-contributing building means a building or structure in a historic district that existed during the period of significance, but has been so altered that it no longer conveys the history of the district or contributes to its character.
- (8) Historic preservation means preservation, restoration, or rehabilitation of a historic resource.
- (9) Historic resource means a historic contributing building, individually listed resource, a site or an object that is an individually listed resource or designated as a historic-contributing site or an object in a historic district.
- (10) Individually listed resource means a building, structure, site, or object listed individually on the National Register of Historic Places or designated as a local historic resource by the City Council.
- (11) Local historic resource means a building, structure, site, or object designated as a local historic resource pursuant to this Chapter.

- (12) Non-contributing building means a historic non-contributing building or a non-historic non-contributing building.
- (13) Non-historic non-contributing building means a building or structure in a historic district that did not exist during the period of significance.
- (14) Object means a material thing of functional, aesthetic, cultural, historic or scientific value that may be, by nature or design, movable yet related to a specific setting or environment.
- (15) Original means the component was constructed on or added to the building during the period of significance.
- (16) Period of significance means the dates stated in the official designation of a historic district by the National Parks Service that identifies the period or periods of time when geographic area attained the characteristics which qualify the area for designation as a historic district.
- (17) Property pending designation means a building, structure, site, or object for which a formal application for local historic designation has been initiated, or which has been recommended for nomination to the National Register of Historic Places by SACHP, or a building, structure, site, or object within a proposed historic district for which a formal application for historic designation has been submitted, but which have not yet been reviewed by the Keeper of the National Register, or has been reviewed by the Keeper and determined to be "eligible."
- (18) Preservation means the act or process of applying measures necessary to sustain the existing form, integrity, and materials of a historic resource.

 Work, including preliminary measures to protect and stabilize the resource, generally focuses on the ongoing maintenance and repair of historic materials and features rather than extensive replacement and new construction. New exterior additions are not considered preservation; however, the limited and sensitive upgrading of mechanical, electrical, and plumbing systems and other code-required work to make properties functional is appropriate within a preservation project.

(19) Public agency means the State of Oregon, and all the administrative
subdivisions thereof, including, but not limited to, the Oregon Department of
Administrative Services.

- (20) Public historic resource means a historic resource that is owned by a public agency.
- (1921) Restoration means the act or process of accurately depicting the form, features, and character of a historic-contributing resource or historic-non-contributing resource as it appeared at a particular period of time by means of the removal of features from other periods in its history and reconstruction of missing features from the restoration period. The limited and sensitive upgrading of mechanical, electrical, and plumbing systems and other code-required work to make properties functional is appropriate within a preservation project.
- (2022) Rehabilitation means the process of making possible a compatible use for a historic-contributing resource or individually listed resource through repair, alterations, and additions, while preserving those portions or features which convey its historical, cultural, or architectural values.
- (2123) Reconstruction means the act or process of depicting, by means of new construction, the form, features, or detailing of a non-surviving building, or structure for the purpose of replicating its appearance at a specific period of time and in its historic location.
- (24) SHPO means the Oregon State Historic Preservation Office.
- (22<u>25</u>) Site means the location of a significant event, a prehistoric or historic occupation or activity, or a building or structure, whether standing, ruined, or vanished, where the location itself maintains historical or archaeological value regardless of the value of any existing structure.
- (2326) Structure means a work made up of interdependent and interrelated parts in a definite pattern of organization. Constructed by humans, a structure is often an engineering project large in scale.

- (2427) Visible means the resource, or a portion of the resource can be seen from the public right of way. For example, typically the primary façade of a historic resource can be seen from the public right of way.
- (b) Supplemental Standards and Guidelines for Historic Design Review. In the event the standards and guidelines contained in this Chapter fail to provide regulations for a specific type of historic resource, the rules of the decision will be the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings, published by the U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service.
- (c) Authority to Promulgate Guidelines. The Director may, upon consultation with the Historic Landmarks Commission, promulgate illustrative guidelines to provide general guidance to interested persons on the application of the standards in this Chapter.
- Section 2. The following SRC 230.017 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:
 - 230.017. Recording Notice of Historic District. The Director shall cause to be recorded in the docket of city liens created pursuant to SRC 21.060 a notice of historic district for each property where any portion of the property lies within the historic district. The recording of such notice shall not create, and shall not be deemed to create, a lien or other encumbrance on such property.
- Section 3. The following SRC 230.018 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:
 - 230.018. Public Historic Design Review Jurisdiction. The City of Salem has jurisdiction over historic design review for all public historic resources. If the public agency is the State of Oregon, or any administrative subdivision of the State of Oregon, the public agency may enter into a program with SHPO for the conservation of the historic resource pursuant to ORS 358.653, in which case historic design review for that historic resource is exempted from this Chapter, provided, however, that such program complies with Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings, published by the U.S. Department of the Interior, National Parks Service, and the public agency provides the Director with notice of such election, no later than the date the contract for construction is advertised for bids.

Section 4. SRC 230.020 is amended to read as follows:

230.020. Historic Design Review.

- (a) Applicability. <u>Unless undertaken by a public agency pursuant to a program established between the public agency and SHPO under ORS 358.653</u>, no exterior portion of a historic resource, non-contributing building, or new construction in a historic district shall be erected, altered, restored, moved or demolished until historic review approval has been granted, as provided in this section,
 - (1) Historic design review is required for the following:
 - (A) Remodeling or repair that would change, in any manner, the exterior of a historic resource or a building or structure in a historic district, but excluding painting.
 - (B) Moving a historic resource, or moving a building or structure into or out of a historic district.
 - (C) Construction of a new building in a historic district.
 - (D) Alteration of, or addition to, a historic resource, or to a non-contributing building in a historic district.
 - (E) Construction of new walks, fences, parking facilities, and other features on the site of a historic resource, when adjacent to or within view of public right-of-way.
 - (F) Demolition of a historic resource.
 - (G) Streetscape improvements in historic districts.
 - (2) Historic design review is not required for the following:
 - (A) Ordinary maintenance or repair of any exterior architectural feature of a historic resource or non-contributing building in a historic district to correct deterioration, decay, or damage, or to sustain the existing form. By way of illustration, but not of limitation, ordinary maintenance and repair includes replacement of cracked or broken window panes; surface treatment that is consistent with accepted historic preservation methods; replacement of broken hardware; repair of a portion of a window frame or sash, part of a roof or a small percentage of siding.

- (B) Change in paint color of a historic resource or a non-contributing building in a historic district.
- **(C)** Work conducted entirely within the interior of a historic resource or non-contributing building in a historic district which has no effect on exterior architectural features.
- (3) Buildings Partially Within and Partially Without Historic Districts. Where addition or alteration to the exterior of a historic contributing resource or non-contributing building in a historic district, or construction of a new building in a historic district, will occur partially inside and partially outside of the district boundaries, historic design review is required for that portion of the building that is within the district and, if the majority of the area of the building is inside the historic district, for that portion of the building that is not within the historic district.
- (4) Relationship to Other Land Use Reviews. Projects that require historic design review may also require other land use reviews. If other land use reviews are requirements for development, such reviews shall be held prior to or concurrently with historic design review.

(b) Objectives.

The standards in this chapter shall be construed to do the following:

(1) Historic Contributing Buildings and Individually Listed Resources. Historic contributing buildings and individually listed resources are valuable community resources that contribute immeasurably to the City's identity, history, unique sense of place, and quality of life. Preserving these buildings and resources involves careful planning, conscientious maintenance and repair, knowledgeable and informed restoration, and sensitive rehabilitation that accommodates modern business and residential lifestyles. The standards set forth in this Chapter for historic contributing buildings and individually listed resources are intended to preserve and enhance the buildings, resources and districts generally, while allowing for adaptive reuse through sensitive rehabilitation of these buildings and resources.

- (2) Non-Contributing Buildings. Some buildings and structures in a historic district are non-contributing. These buildings and structures typically do not contribute to the district's historic significance because they either date from outside the district's period of significance or their historic significance has been materially impaired by additions and alterations. The standards set forth in this Chapter for non-contributing buildings and structures do not require restoration to their original appearance or require imitation of the appearance of a historic contributing building or structure; rather, the objectives are two-fold. First, the objective for historic non-contributing is to return, when feasible, these buildings to a historic contributing state. Second, the objective for all non-contributing buildings is to maintain the visual coherence of the historic district as a whole.
- (3) New Construction. New buildings and structures will be built in historic districts. These new buildings and structures should enhance, rather than detract, from the overall character of the district. It is crucial that the existing harmony of proportions and materials be enhanced when new construction occurs. Therefore, the objective of the standards set forth in this Chapter for new construction is to ensure that the design and construction of new buildings and structures is consistent and compatible with the architectural styles of historic contributing buildings that are found in the district.
- (c) Classes. Historic design review is either "Minor" or "Major." Table 230-1 and Table 230-2 sets forth the activities that are Minor and Major Historic Design Review. Notwithstanding Table 230-1 and 230-2, any activity proposed that is not covered by the table or does not meet the specific standards set forth for historic contributing buildings in SRC 230.025, and SRC 230.040 and 230.061; or for non-contributing buildings and structures the standards set forth in SRC 230.030, and SRC 230.045 and 230.063 of this section requires Major Historic Design Review.

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TABLE 230-1

HISTORIC DESIGN REVIEW BY REVIEW CLASS

				Review	Class		
Activity Proposed		His	toric Cont	tributing	N	on-Contr	ibuting
		Vislble	Not Visible	Applicable Code Section	Visible	Not Visible	Applicable Code Section
Residential Historic Distric	ts	6. F - 3	- 100		187. 9	Variet 19	
Alterations and Additions		Major	Minor	230.025(g)	Major	Minor	230.030(g)
Deck Replacement and Addi	tions	Major	Minor	230.025 (h)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (h)
Door Replacement		Major	Minor	230,065 230.025 (c)	Minor	N/A	230.070
Door Replacement (In-Kind)		Minor	Minor	230.025 (c)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (c) 230.030 (c)
Fences		Major	Minor	230.025 (j)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (j)
New Accessory Structures		Major	Minor	230.025 (i)	Major	Minor	230.030 (i)
Porch Replacement		Major	Minor	230.065	Minor	N/A	230,070
	1			230.025 (d)			230.030 (d)
Porch Replacement (In-Kind) Restoration of Missing Featu		Minor Major	Minor Minor	230.025 (d) 230.025 (f)	Minor Minor	N/A N/A	230.030 (d) 230.030 (f)
Retaining Walls	103	Major	Minor	230.025 (l) 230.025 (k)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (l) 230.030 (k)
Roof Replacement		Minor	Minor	230,065 230,025 (e)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (k) 230.070 230.030 (e)
Roof Replacement (In-Kind)		N/A	N/A	230.025 (e)	N/A	N/A	230.030 (e)
Siding, Exterior Trim and M	nor	Major	Minor	230.065	Minor	N/A	230,070
Architectural Features Replace				230.025 (a)			230.030 (a)
Siding, Exterior Trim and Mi Architectural Features Replace (In-Kind)		Minor	Minor	230.025 (a)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (a)
Site Features Replacement		Malay	Minor	230.065	Minor	N/A	230,070
		Major	<u> </u>	230.025 (1)			230.030 (l)
Site Features Replacement (I	n-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.025 (l)	Minor	N/A_	230.030 (l)
Streetscape		Minor		230.075	Minor		230.075
Window Replacement		Major	Minor	230.065 230.025 (b)	Minor	N/A	230.070 230.030 (b)
Window Replacement (In-Ki	nd)	Minor	Minor	230.025 (b)	Minor	N/A	230.030 (b)
Commercial Historic Distri	10 0 0 V 20 V 20 V 20 V 20 V 20 V 20 V 2		PATRICE.			What trek	MAN EN
Accessibility Alterations and	Additions	Major	Minor	230.040 (h)	Minor	N/A	230.045 (h)
Alterations and Additions		Major	Minor	230.040 (f)	Major	Minor	230,045 (g)
Awnings and Canopies Repla Installation		Major	Minor	230.040 (k)	Minor	Minor	230.045 (k)
Awnings and Canopies Repla Installation (In-Kind)	cement or	Minor	Minor	230.040 (k)	Minor	N/A	230.045 (k)
Door Replacement		Major	Minor	230.065 230.040 (c)	Minor	N/A	230.070 230.045 (c)
Door Replacement (In-Kind)		Minor	Minor	230.040 (c)	Minor	N/A_	230,045 (c)
Energy	1	Major	Minor	200.5.5	Minor	N/A	005.075
Lintels, Architraves, Sills, an Architectural Details Replace	ment	Major	Minor	230.065 230.040 (g)	Minor	N/A	230.070 230.045 (f)
Lintels, Architraves, Sills, an	d other	Minor	Minor	230.040 (f)	Minor	N/A	230.045 (g)

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1	Table 230-1:	Historic D	esign Rev	iew by Review	Class		
2				Review	Class		
3	Activity Proposed	Hist	toric Cont	ributing	N	on-Contr	ibuting
4	Activity x roposed	Visible	Not Visible	Applicable Code Section	Visible	Not Visible	Applicable Code Section
5	Architectural Details Replacement (In-Kind)						
6	Masonry, Siding, and Exterior Trim Replacement	Major	Minor	230.065 230.040 (a)	Minor	N/A	230,070 230,045 (a)
7	Masonry, Siding, and Exterior Trim Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230,040 (a)	Minor	N/A	230.045 (a)
8	Mechanical Equipment and Service Areas Addition and Replacement	Major	Minor	230,065 230,040 (i)	Minor	N/A	230.070 230.045 (i)
	Murals	Major	Minor	230.055	Major	N/A	230.055
10	Roof and Cornice Replacement	Major	Minor	230.065 230.040 (e)	Minor	N/A	230.070 230.045 (e)
11	Roof and Cornice Replacement (In-Kind)	N/A	N/A	230.040 (e)	N/A	N/A	230.045 (e)
12	Storefront, or Component of Storefront, Replacement	Major	Minor	230.065 230.040 (d)	Minor	N/A	230.070 230.045 (d)
13 14	Storefront, or Component of Storefront, Replacement (In-Kind)	Major	Minor	230.040 (d)	Minor	N/A	230,045 (d)
	Streetscape	Minor		230.075	Minor		230.075
15 16	Window Replacement	Major	Minor	230.065 230.040 (b)	Minor	N/A	230.070 230.045 (b)
17	Window Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.040 (b)	Minor	N/A	230.045 (b)
19	Public Historic Districts	Unit Day	SER	学表 16/15-10	1+9UAve	ACT CON	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
19	Streetseape	Minor		230.075	Minor	n n a man	230.075
20	Individually Listed Historic Resources	Carlot.				AL W	
21	Any activity proposed	Follows review class for historic contributing buildings for the type of					
22				reso	arce		
23	Activity Proposed	Review Class					
24	(New Construction)	Vis	lble	Not Vis	ible		icable Code Section
25	Residential Historic Districts		ajor	Majo		2	230.035
	Commercial Historic Districts		ajor	Majo			230.050
26	Public Historic Districts	M	a jor	Majo	Ť	2	230.065

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4	<u>Table 2</u>	30-2: Public Historic Design Review by Review Class					
5		Review Class					
6	Activity Proposed	<u>H</u>	istoric Contri	buting		Non-Contrib	uting
7		<u>Primary</u> <u>Facade</u>	<u>Secondary</u> <u>Facade</u>	<u>Applicable</u> Code Section	<u>Primary</u> <u>Facade</u>	<u>Secondary</u> <u>Facade</u>	<u>Applicable</u> Code Section
8	Public Historic District				100		17 1
9	Accessibility Alterations and Additions	Major	Minor	230.061 (j)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (j)
10	Alterations and Additions	Major	Minor _	230.061 (g)	Major	<u>Minor</u>	230,063 (g)
11	Awnings and Canopies Replacement or Installation	<u>Major</u>	<u>Minor</u>	230.061 (m)	Minor	<u>Minor</u>	230,063 (m)
12 13	Awnings and Canopies Replacement or Installation (In- Kind)	Minor	<u>Minor</u>	230.061 (m)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (m)
14	Decks Replacement and Additions	<u>Major</u>	<u>Minor</u>	230.061 (h)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (h)
	Door Replacement	Major	Minor	230.061 (c)	Minor	N/A	230.063 (c)
15	Door Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.061 (c)	Minor	N/A .	230.063 (c)
16	Energy	Major	Minor	230.061 (k)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (k)
10	<u>Fences</u>	<u>Major</u>	Minor	230.061(o)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230,063 (o)
17	Lintels, Architraves, Sills, and other Architectural Details Replacement	<u>Major</u>	Minor	230.061 (i)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (i)
18 19	Lintels, Architraves, Sills, and other Architectural Details, Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.061 (i)	Minor	N/A	230.063 (i)
2021	Masonry, Siding, and Exterior Trim Replacement Details Replacement	Major	<u>Minor</u>	230.061 (a)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (a)
22 23	Masonry, Siding, and Exterior Trim Replacement Details Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.061 (a)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (a)
24	Mechanical Equipment and Service Areas Addition and Replacement	Major	Minor	<u>230.061 (1)</u>	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (I)
25	Signs	<u>Major</u>	Minor	230.062	Major	<u>N/A</u>	230,061
26	New Accessory Structures	Major	Minor	230.061 (n)	Major	Minor	230.063 (n)
20	Porch Replacement	Major	Minor	230.061 (d)	Minor	N/A	230.063 (d)
27	Porch Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.061 (d)	Minor	N/A	230.063 (d)
	Restoration of Missing Features	Major	Minor	230.061 (f)	Minor	N/A	230.063 (f)
28	Retaining Walls	Major	Minor	230.061 (p)	Minor	N/A	230.063 (p)
29	Roof and Cornice Replacement	Minor	Minor	230.061 (e)	N/A	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (e)
30	Roof and Comice Replacement (In-Kind)	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>230.061(e)</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (e)
20	Site Features Replacement	Major	Minor	230.061 (q)	Minor	N/A	230,063(q)

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Table 230-2: Public Historic Design Review by Review Class							
	Review Class						
Activity Proposed	<u> </u>	istoric Contri	buting		Non-Contrib	uting	
	Primary Facade	<u>Secondary</u> <u>Facade</u>	Applicable Code Section	<u>Primary</u> <u>Facade</u>	<u>Secondary</u> <u>Facade</u>	<u>Applicable</u> Code Section	
Site Features Replacement (In- Kind)	Minor	Minor	230,061 (q)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (q)	
Streetscape	Minor		230.075	Minor		230.075	
Window Replacement	Major	Minor	230.061 (b)	Minor	<u>N/A</u>	230.063 (b)	
Window Replacement (In-Kind)	Minor	Minor	230.061 (b)	Minor	N/A	230.063 (b)	

(d) Procedure Type.

- (1) Minor Historic Design Review is processed as a Type I procedure under SRC Chapter 300.
- (2) Major Historic Design Review is processed as a Type III procedure under SRC Chapter 300.

(e) Additional Submittal Requirements.

- (1) In addition to the submittal requirements specified in SRC Chapter 300, an application for Minor Historic Design Review shall include the following:
 - (A) Plan and elevation drawings, of a size and form and in the number of copies meeting the standards established by the Planning Administrator, of the existing building or structure and of the proposed changes, including materials;
 - (B) Photos of the existing building or structure; and
 - (C) Historic photos of the existing building or structure, if available.
- (2) In addition to the submittal requirements for a Type III application under SRC Chapter 300, an application for Major Historic Design Review shall include the following:
 - (A) Plan and elevation drawings of the existing building or structure and of the proposed changes, including materials;
 - **(B)** Photos of the existing building or structure;
 - (C) Historic photos, if available; and
 - (D) Plan and elevation drawings of adjacent properties, or photo-

simulation, for additions that increase the gross square footage of the structure by more than fifty percent, or new construction in a historic

(f) Criteria. Historic design review approval shall be granted if the application satisfied the applicable standards set forth in this Chapter.

- (a) Applicability. This section allows adaptive reuse of historic-contributing buildings and individually listed resources in all public and residential zones and in the Commercial Office zone, in order to preserve these buildings or structures, where other uses would not be economically practical, and where a zone change
- (b) Procedure Type. Historical resource adaptive reuse is a Type III procedure
- (c) Additional Submittal Requirements. In addition to the submittal requirements for a Type III application under SRC Chapter 300, an application for
 - (2) Documentation of good faith efforts by the property owner to put the property to economically beneficial use including but not limited to leasing
 - (3) Any capital expenditures associated with the building or structure during the two years immediately preceding the application for adaptive reuse.
 - (A) All streets that abut the site and their designation (i.e., arterial,
- (d) Criteria. An application for historic resource adaptive reuse shall be granted
 - (1) The building is a historic contributing building or an individually listed

resource,

- (2) Adaptive reuse is allowed in the zone.
- (3) Use of the building or structure for any other use allowed in the zone is not economically practical, and the property does not meet the criteria for a zone change.
- (4) Allowing the proposed use will encourage preservation of the resource.
- (5) The building or structure will not be structurally expanded, or if historic non-contributing, will be restored.
- (6) The building or structure is located on an arterial or collector street.
- (7) Parking that meets the requirements of SRC Chapter 133 will be provided.
- (8) The proposed limited commercial use will not have a substantial adverse impact on public health, safety, and welfare and any other reasonably likely adverse impacts of the limited commercial use on the immediate neighborhood can be minimized through the imposition of conditions. The following shall apply in making the determination of substantial adverse impact:
 - (A) To preserve the integrity of residential historic districts, limited commercial uses in residential buildings or structures located within a residential historic district is discouraged.
 - (B) In the RS or RD zones, adaptive reuse shall only be allowed on arterial or collector streets that form the perimeter of the zone.
- (9) The proposed limited commercial use, as conditioned, will be compatible with and have minimal impact on the livability or appropriate development of surrounding property.
- (e) Conditions. The review authority shall impose such conditions on the historic resource adaptive reuse permit as are necessary to establish compliance with the approval criteria.
- (f) Approval to Run with the Land. Unless otherwise provided in the decision granting, historic adaptive reuse permits shall run with the land.

1	(g) Historic Design Review. Historic design review is required for any exterior
2	alterations to a building or structure that has received historic resource adaptive
3	reuse approval.
4	(h) Uses Permitted. The uses permitted for adaptive reuse pursuant to this
5	section, either singularly or in combination, are:
6	(1) Additional dwelling units:
7	(A) RS - maximum of four units;
8	(B) RD - maximum of four units;
9	(2) Telephone answering service;
10	(3) Professional offices:
11	(A) Accounting services (SIC 8721);
12	(B) Artists;
13	(C) Engineering, architectural, and surveying services (SIC 871);
14	(D) Legal services (SIC 81);
15	(E) Offices of physicians (SIC 801), dentists (SIC 802), osteopathic
16	physicians (SIC 803), and other health practitioners (SIC 804).
17	(4) Retail:
18	(A) Used merchandise store (SIC 5931);
19	(B) Men's and Boys' Clothing and Accessory Stores (SIC 561);
20	(C) Women's ready-to-wear stores (SIC 562);
21	(D) Women's accessory and specialty stores (SIC 563);
22	(E) Children's and Infants' Wear Stores (SIC 564);
23	(F) Art gallery and framing shop;
24	(5) Services:
25	(A) Interior decorating studio;
26	(B) Child day care services (SIC 835);
27	(C) Residential care (SIC 836).
28	(6) Other: Other office, service, and retail uses not otherwise enumerated in
29	this subsection that are substantially similar in traffic generation, noise
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generation, parking demand, hours of operation, and other similar characteristics relating to compatibility with surrounding uses.

Section 6. The following SRC 230.057 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

230.057. Oregon State Capitol. Unless approved pursuant to SRC 230.065, no significant features on existing resources within the boundary of the Oregon State Capitol as identified in Table 230-3 shall be altered.

Table 230-3 Oregon State Capitol

	Table 230-3: Oregon State Capitol						
Zone	Resource	Significant Features					
,	Capitol Building and adjacent wings	■ Rotunda.					
1	Additions	 Gold Oregon Pioneer Statue. Cast bronze Bas-Reliefs, 					
2	Oregon Migration Relief Sculpture	Figures of Pioneers and a Covered Wagon,Map of Oregon Trail.					
2	Lewis & Clark Relief Sculpture	Figures of Lewis, Clark and Sacagawea.Map of Expedition					
3	Willson Park	 Breyman Fountain. Waite Fountain. Walk of Flags. Liberty Bell Replica. Gazebo. Parade of Animals Sculpture. Douglas-Fir tree grown from seed that rode aboard Apollo 14. Capitol Beaver Family Sculpture. 					
4	Capitol (East) Park	 Circuit Rider Statue. John McLoughlin Statue. Jason Lee Statue. Corinthian Columns remaining from Second Capitol. Memorial to Oregon Recipients of Congressional Medal of Honor. 					
5	North Plaza, Sunken Terrace	Sprague Fountain.Wall of Water Fountain.					

Section 7. The following SRC 230.058 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

230.058. Oregon State Hospital District. Unless approved pursuant to SRC 230.065, no significant features on existing resources within the Oregon State Hospital District as identified in Table 230-4 shall be altered. Any alterations or additions within Zone 1 of the Oregon State Hospital District shall be limited to secondary facades. No alterations shall be allowed on primary facades or significant features as identified in Table 230-4.

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COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SALEM, OREGON

TABLE 230-4 OREGON STATE HOSPITAL DISTRICT RESOURCES

Zone	Structure/Building	Primary Facade	Significant Features
		South (Greenway Dr.)	Double-hung Windows.
	Memorial Bldg,	North (Recovery Dr.)	Decorative Brick Corbelling at
		South (Recovery Dr.)	Roofline.
		(2000) (2000)	Cupola Spire.
		West (24 th St.)	Arched multi-light double hung
1	Kirkbride Building	North (Center St.)	Windows,
_			Roof Corbelling and Brackets.
		West (23 rd St.)	
	Dama Buildina	South (Center St includes	Dome.
	Dome Building	south facade of east wing)	• Wood Multi-light Windows.
		North (Bittern Street)	Front Entry Staircase.
			• Fountain area with 'Baby Hercules'
2	Kirkbride Grounds	West (24 th St.)	Statue.
2	Structures/Historic Park	North (Center St.)	 Memorial Circle with Vault Markers
			 Park Entrance Pillars.
		South (Greenway Dr.)	
	R01- Cottage	North (Center St.)	
	Ro1- Collage	West (26 th St. NE)	
		East (Recovery Dr. NE)	
		South (Greenway Dr.)	
	R02- Cottage	North (Center St.)	
		West (26 th St. NE)	
		East (Recovery Dr. NE)	
		South (Greenway Dr.)	
	R03- Cottage	North (Center St.)	
		West (26 th St. NE)	
v	R04- Cottage	East (Recovery Dr. NE)	_
	R05- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.) North (Greenway Dr.)	_
	R06- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	
	R07- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	Roof Gables.
3	R08- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	■ Wooden lintels.
	R09- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	Multi-light double-hung windows.
	R10- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	■ Brick/stucco-clad chimneys.
	R11- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	\dashv
	R12- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	\dashv
	R13- Cottage	North (Greenway Dr.)	\dashv
	RI4- Cottage	West (24 th Pl.)	<u> </u>
	R15- Cottage	West (24 th Pl.)	_
	R16- Cottage	West (24 th Pl.)	
	R17- Cottage	East (24 th Pl.)	_
	R18- Cottage	East (24 11.)	-
	R19- Cottage	North (Bates Dr.)	
	R20- Cottage	North (Bates Dr.)	_
	R21- Cottage	North (Bates Dr.)	\dashv
		North (private rd. off of Park	
	S07- Cottage	Ave.)	

Table 230-4: Oregon State Hospital District Resources					
Zone	Structure/Building	Primary Facade	Significant Features		
	S08- Cottage	North (private rd. off of Park Ave.)			
4	Oregon State Hospital (Primary Treatment Building)	West (24 th St.) North (Center St.) (Considered an addition to the Kirkbride structure)	■ Front Entry		
	S04- Physical Plant	North (Center St.) East (Park Ave.) West	 Corbelled cornices, flat roof, wood doors and transoms. 		
5	Yaquina Hall	South (Bittern St.)			
)	Santiam Hall	West (27 th Pl.)			
	Breitenbush Hall	South (Center St.)	■ Front Entries		
	McKenzie Hall	West (25th St.)	1		
	Eola Hall	South (Bittern St.)			
6	Open Space	North (D Street NE) West (23 rd Street NE) East (Park Ave NE)	 Trees abutting the Right of Way along D Street and Park Ave. NE 		

Section 8. The following SRC 230.060 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

230.060. Standards for Historic Contributing Buildings in Public Historic Districts and Individually Listed Public Historic Resources. Modification to historic contributing buildings in public historic districts and individually listed public historic resources shall comply with this section.

(a) Masonry, Siding, Exterior Trim and Minor Architectural Features.

Replacement of masonry, siding, exterior trim, and minor architectural features of historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources shall be allowed only where the owner has attempted to repair the original siding, exterior trim or minor architectural feature, but repair was determined to be unfeasible due to the poor condition of the original materials. If the masonry, siding, or trim is not original then every effort shall be made to replicate the original materials; the effort shall be substantiated by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence. If the masonry, siding, or trim cannot be replicated then it should be of a compatible design and material.

(1) Materials. The replacement materials are the same type and quality as the original siding, exterior trim or minor architectural feature, or duplicate, to

- the greatest degree possible, the appearance and structural qualities of the material being replaced.
- (2) **Design.** The replacement reproduces the appearance of the original siding, exterior trim or minor architectural feature.
- (3) Energy Efficiency. Improvements to improve energy efficiency are allowed, provided the exterior appearance of the historic resource is preserved to the greatest extent possible. Example: Adding additional insulation to attics, crawl spaces or basements.
- (b) Windows. Replacement of windows and individually listed public historic resources shall be allowed only where the owner has attempted to repair the original window, but repair was not feasible due to the poor condition of the original materials. If the window is not original then every effort shall be made to replicate the original window; the effort shall be substantiated by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence. If the window cannot be replicated then it should be of a compatible design and material.
 - (1) Materials. All features of the window, including the window frame, sash, stiles, rails, muntins, lamb's tongues and glass, are replaced with materials that duplicate, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance and structural qualities of the original.
 - (2) Design. Overall design of the window profile of all parts of the window shall reproduce the appearance of the original window.

(3) Energy Efficiency.

- (A) The use of weather stripping, insulation, or materials to either repair or improve the energy efficiency shall be evaluated as means to achieve the desired energy efficiency objectives prior to seeking authorization to replace a window.
- (B) If an owner wishes to improve the energy efficiency of windows located on the primary façade, only energy efficiency measures that are removable and do not permanently alter the resource shall be used. This includes, but is not limited to: exterior storm windows, weather-stripping.

- (C) If an owner wishes to improve the energy efficiency of windows located on a façade other than the primary façade, measures that are removable and do not permanently alter the resource shall be used. This includes but is not limited to: exterior storm windows, weather-stripping. Reuse of the original window frame and sash with replacement glass that maintains the overall design and appearance of the window is allowed. Example: Replacement of single pane glass with new energy efficient double-paned glass is permissible, so long as the window is in satisfactory condition, muntins are wide enough to hold the double-paned glass, the double-paned glass can be inserted into the original window sash, there are only minor alterations to the overall design of the window, and the double-paned glass is not visibly tinted or reflective.
- (c) Doors. Replacement of doors in historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources shall be allowed only where the owner has attempted to repair the original door, but repair was not feasible due to the poor condition of the original materials. If the doors are not original, then every effort shall be made to replicate the original doors; the effort shall be substantiated by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence. If the door cannot be replicated then it should be of a compatible design and material.
 - (1) Materials. All features of the door shall be replaced with materials that duplicate, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance and structural qualities of the original door.
 - (2) Design. The overall design of the door shall reproduce, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance of the original door.
- (d) Porches. Replacement of porches on historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources shall be allowed only where the owner has attempted to repair the original porch, but repair was not feasible due to the poor condition of the original materials. If the porch is not original, then every effort shall be made to replicate the original porch; the effort shall be substantiated

by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence. If the porch cannot be replicated then it should be of a compatible design and material.

- (1) Materials. All features of the porch shall be replaced with material that duplicate, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance and structural qualities of the original porch.
- (2) Design. The overall design of the porch shall reproduce, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance of the original porch.
- (e) Roofs and Cornices. Replacement of roofs and cornices on historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources shall be allowed only where the owner has attempted to repair the original roof, but repair was not feasible due to the poor condition of the original materials.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Historic specialty roofing materials, such as original tile, slate, or rolled composition roofing should be maintained in place whenever possible.
- (B) New roof materials should match the original materials in scale and texture as closely as possible. Use of plastic or concrete simulated materials is not allowed.
- (C) Composition roofing is allowed as a substitute for wood shingles in a complete replacement.
- (D) Imitation slate and wood are allowed as a substitute for original materials in a complete replacement.

(2) Design.

- (A) The original roof and cornice form and detailing shall be preserved.
- (B) Original eave overhangs shall be maintained.
- (C) Cutting back roof rafter and soffits, boxing in exposed rafter tails, adding fascia boards where none existed, or otherwise altering the historical roof overhang is not allowed.
- (D) To the extent feasible, inappropriate repairs or additions should be removed or corrected.

(3) Solar Panels, Rooftop Mechanical Devices, and Skylights. Solar panels and other rooftop mechanical structures may be added to historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources.

(A) Materials.

- (i) Non-reflective glass and metal panels are allowed.
- (ii) Reflective glass and plastic frames are prohibited.

(B) Design.

- (i) Solar panels shall not alter the existing profile of the roof, and shall be mounted parallel to the roof plane on rear-facing roofs or placed on the ground in an inconspicuous location.
- (ii) Satellite dishes, TV antennae and other rooftop mechanical structures shall be installed so they are not visible from the street and do not damage or obscure significant architectural features of the resource.
- (iii) Skylights shall be flat and shall not alter the existing profile of the roof. Bubble-type skylights are prohibited.
- (f) Missing Features. Features that were present on a historic contributing building and individually listed public historic resources during the period of significance but which were later removed may be reconstructed.
 - (1) Materials. Materials used in the replacement shall match as closely as practicable the composition, design, texture, and other visual qualities of the materials of the missing feature.
 - (2) **Design.** The design shall accurately duplicate the missing feature. The design shall be substantiated by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence. Evidence does not include conjectural designs, or the appearance of features or different elements from other buildings or structures built during the period of significance.
- (g) Alterations and Additions. Additions to and alterations of the historic contributing building and individually listed public historic resources are allowed.
 - (1) Materials.

- (A) Building materials shall be of traditional dimensions.
- (B) Material shall be of the same type, quality and finish as original material in the building.
- (C) New masonry added to a building shall, to the greatest extent feasible, match the color, texture and bonding pattern of the original masonry.
- (D) For those areas where original material must be disturbed, original material shall be retained to the maximum extent possible.
- (2) **Design.** Alterations or additions shall:
 - (A) Be located at the rear, or on an inconspicuous side, of the building.
 - (B) Be designed and constructed to minimize changes to the building.
 - (C) Be limited in size and scale such that a harmonious relationship is created with the original building.
 - (D) Be designed and constructed in a manner that significant historical, architectural or cultural features of the building are not obscured, damaged, or destroyed.
 - (E) Be designed to be compatible with the size, scale, material, and character of the building, and the district generally.
 - (F) Not destroy or adversely impact existing distinctive materials, features, finishes and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that are part of the building.
 - (G) Be constructed with the least possible loss of historic materials.
 - (H) Not create a false sense of historical development by including features that would appear to have been part of the building during the period of significance but whose existence is not supported by historical evidence.
 - (I) Be designed in a manner that makes it clear what is original to the building and what is new.
 - (J) Be designed to reflect, but not replicate, the architectural styles of the period of significance.

- (K) Preserve features of the building that have occurred over time and have attained significance in their own right.
- (L) Preserve distinguishing original qualities of the building and its site.
- (M) Not increase the height of a building to more than four stories.
- (h) Decks. Replacement and addition of decks in historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources is allowed.
 - (1) Materials. The deck shall be constructed of wood, a wood composite, or a material available during the period of significance.
 - (2) Design. The deck shall:
 - (A) Be located off the rear of the resource.
 - (B) Not obscure any significant architectural features of the resource.
 - (C) Be of a reasonable size and scale in relationship to the resource.
 - (D) Shall not extend beyond the width of the existing footprint of the resource.
- (i) Lintels, Architraves, Sills, and other Architectural Details. Replacement of lintels, architraves, sills and other architectural details in historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources shall be allowed only where the owner has attempted repair, but repair was unfeasible due to the poor condition of the original materials. If the feature is not original then every effort shall be made to replicate the original feature; the effort shall be substantiated by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence. If the feature cannot be replicated then it should be of a compatible design and material.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Existing architectural details shall be retained.
- (B) Original material shall, if possible, be retained or repaired.
- (C) If replacement material is required, similar material shall be used.

(2) Design.

(A) The replacement shall, to the greatest extent feasible, match design, size, proportions, and profile of the original architectural details.

- (B) Architectural details should not be added unless there is archival evidence suggesting their presence and design.
- (j) Accessibility. Additions or alterations to improve accessibility are allowed.
 - (1) Materials. To the greatest extent practicable, materials shall be of the same type, quality, design, size, finish, proportions and configuration of the original materials in the building.

(2) Design.

- (A) Additions or alterations to improve accessibility should be designed in a manner that identifies the building's character-defining spaces and features and prevents their damage or loss.
- (B) Additions and alterations to improve accessibility should be designed in a manner that is compatible with the building and its setting.
- (k) Energy Efficiency. Retrofitting historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources to achieve energy efficiency is permitted, if the retrofitting preserves the building's historic character.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Materials shall be of a type and quality that will not result in degradation of original material in the resource. Example: Addition of insulation to exterior walls should not negatively affect the function of the wall assembly.
- (B) The materials for any retrofitted architectural elements shall comply with the standards for materials for such elements set forth in this section. This includes, but is not limited to, windows and doors.

(2) Design.

- (A) To the extent practicable, original systems to control ventilation, such as double hung, transom windows and awnings, shall be preserved.
- (B) Before seeking to replace windows or doors, improve thermal efficiency through weather stripping, storm windows, interior shades, blinds and awnings.

- (C) The designs of any retrofitted architectural elements shall comply with the standards for replacement of such elements set forth in this section.
- (D) Retrofitting shall be designed in a manner that prevents loss of original material or architectural elements.
- (l) Mechanical Equipment and Service Areas. Addition and replacement of mechanical equipment is permitted. This includes, but is not limited to: heating and cooling systems, solar panels, telecommunications equipment and dumpster enclosures.
 - (1) Materials. Materials shall be harmonious in type, color, scale, texture, and proportions with the building and the district generally.

(2) Design.

- (A) Mechanical equipment and service areas should be located out of public view and designed as an integral part of the overall building design.
- (B) Mechanical equipment and service areas should be placed at the rear of the building, recessed on the roof of the building, or screened by appropriate fencing.
- (C) Low-profile mechanical units and elevator shafts may be placed on rooftops if they are not visible from the street, or are set back and screened from view.
- (D) Solar panels should have low profiles and not be visible from right of way, other than alleys, and shall be installed in a manner that minimizes damage to historic materials.
- (E) Skylights shall be flat and shall not alter the existing profile of the roof. Bubble-type skylights are prohibited.
- (F) Mechanical equipment placed at street level should be screened in a manner that is compatible with the streetscape and adjacent buildings.
- (G) New skylights and vents shall be placed behind and below the parapet level.

- (D) Be subordinate to the primary structure in terms of mass, size, and height.
- (o) Fences. Fences may be added to sites of historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources, provided the fence will not result in the removal or destruction of site features identified as significant on the historic resource inventory.
 - (1) Materials. The fence shall be constructed of traditional materials that were available during the period of significance.
 - (2) Design. Fences shall be no taller than four feet in the front yard and no taller than six feet in side and rear yards.
- (p) Retaining Walls. Retaining walls may be added to sites of historic contributing buildings and individually listed public historic resources, provided the retaining wall will not result in the removal or destruction of site features identified as significant on the historic resource inventory.
 - (1) Materials. The retaining wall shall be constructed of traditional materials that were available during the period of significance. Example: If the period of significance is 1920-1940 the materials that were available included, but were not limited to, rusticated stone, formed concrete, poured concrete, and brick.
 - (2) Design. Retaining walls shall be no taller than two feet in the front and four feet on the side and rear yards.
- (q) Site Features. Replacement or alteration of site features of a historic contributing building and individually listed public historic resources that are identified as significant features on the historic resource inventory, including, but not limited to, driveways, sidewalks, gardens, significant trees, or geological features is allowed, unless the replacement or alteration would materially alter or destroy the features.
 - (1) Materials. Materials shall duplicate, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance and physical qualities of the original materials. Example: Rhododendron hedge planted during the period of significance is replanted with heritage varieties available during the period of significance.

(2) Design. The design shall reproduce, to the greatest extent possible, the
appearance of the original site feature. Example: If the site contains a Lord
and Schryver garden, the replacements shall be allowed provided the original
design and location of plantings of the historical garden are retained.

Section 9. The following SRC 230.062 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

- 230.062. Signs in Public Historic Districts. Signs in public historic districts and on an individually listed public historic resource shall comply with this section, as well as any applicable requirements set forth in SRC Chapter 900.
 - (a) Historic signs shall be retained whenever possible, particularly if the sign is associated with historic figures, events or places, significant as evidence of the history of the product, business or service advertised, significant as reflecting the history of the building or the development of the historic district, characteristic of a specific period, or integral to the building's or structure's design or physical fabric.
 - (b) Reconstruction of historic signs shall only be allowed if there is sufficient historical, pictorial, and physical documentation to replicate the sign's appearance at a specific period of time and in its historic location.
 - (c) New signs shall:
 - (1) Be compatible with the size, scale, and design of the historic resource.
 - (2) Be located where they do not obscure significant features of a historic resource.
 - (3) Use materials that are compatible with and characteristic of the period of significance.
 - (4) Be attached in a manner that prevents damage to historic materials.
 - (5) Any sign identifying the use of the building or structure shall be limited to the minimum size necessary to provide such identification.

Section 10. The following SRC 230.063 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

230.063. Standards for Non-Contributing Buildings and Structures in Public Historic Districts. Modifications to non-contributing buildings in public historic districts shall comply with this section.

(a) Masonry, Siding, Exterior Trim, and Minor Architectural Features.

Replacement of masonry, siding, and exterior trim of non-contributing buildings is allowed.

(1) Materials.

- (A) For historic non-contributing buildings, material dating from the period of significance shall, if possible, be retained or repaired.
- (B) Replacement materials shall be, to the greatest degree possible, of the same type, quality, design, size, finish, proportions, and configuration of the materials commonly used on other buildings in the district.

(2) Design.

- (A) The design shall, to the greatest degree possible, match the color, texture and bonding pattern of the original materials.
- **(B)** For historic non-contributing buildings the appearance of original materials that were used on the building during the period of significance shall be restored or reconstructed whenever possible.
- **(b)** Windows. Replacement of windows in historic non-contributing buildings is allowed.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Windows dating from the period of significance shall, if feasible, be retained and repaired or restored.
- (B) Replacement materials shall be, to the greatest extent practicable, of the same type, quality, design, size, finish, proportions and configuration of windows commonly used on other buildings in the district.
- (C) Glass block or tinted, mirrored, opaque, or colored glass is not permitted, unless it is the historic glazing type.

(2) Design.

(A) Replacement windows should, to the greatest degree possible, match design, size, proportions, configuration, reflective qualities and profile of the original windows dating from the period of significance, if documentary evidence of the appearance is available.

- (B) The size and shape of the window openings dating from the period of significance should be preserved so that the configuration of the façade is not changed.
- (C) Original openings that have been covered or blocked should be reopened when feasible.
- (D) New window openings into the principal elevations, enlargement or reduction of original window openings, and infill of original window openings are not permitted.
- (E) Window styles historically used on upper levels shall not be installed at storefront level, and storefront windows shall not be installed on upper levels.
- (F) Commercial window types shall not be substituted with residential window types, unless the type of window being replaced is residential.
- (G) Interior grilles, grilles between layers of insulating glass, or stenciled mullions in lieu of true divided lights or exterior mullions are not permitted.
- (c) Doors. Replacement of doors in non-contributing buildings shall be allowed.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Doors dating from the period of significance shall, if possible, be retained and repaired or restored.
- (B) Replacement materials shall be, to the greatest degree possible, of the same type, quality, design, size, finish, proportions and configuration of the doors commonly found in the district.

(2) Design.

- (A) Replacement doors shall, to the greatest degree possible, match design, size, proportions and profile of the original door dating from the period of significance, if documentary evidence of the appearance is available.
- (B) Original door openings that have been covered or blocked should be reopened when feasible.

- (C) The size and shape of original door openings should be preserved so that the configuration of the façade is not changed.
- (D) Commercial door types shall not be substituted with residential door types, unless the type of door being replaced is residential.
- (d) Porches. Replacement of porches on non-contributing buildings is allowed.

(1) Materials.

- (A) All features of the porch shall be replaced with material that duplicate, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance and structural qualities of the original porch.
- (B) Replacement materials shall duplicate, to the greatest degree possible, the appearance and structural qualities that are consistent with building materials on buildings in the district.
- (C) Wood lap, shingles, brick, and stone are appropriate materials.
- (D) Alternative materials shall appear similar in scale, proportion, texture and finish with buildings in the district.
- (2) **Design.** The design should be similar in dimension, style, pattern and detail to porches on buildings in the district.
- (e) Roofs and Cornices. Replacement of roofs and cornices on non-contributing buildings shall be allowed.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Historic specialty roofing materials, such as original tile, slate, or rolled composition roofing dating from the period of significance should be maintained in place whenever possible.
- (B) Replacement materials that are visible from the street shall be, to the greatest degree possible, of the same type, quality, design, size, finish, proportions and configuration of the roof and cornices commonly found in the district. Plastic or concrete simulated materials are not allowed. Imitation slate and wood are allowed as a substitute for original materials in a complete replacement.

(2) Design.

- (A) To the extent practicable, original roof and cornice components visible from the street dating from the period of significance shall be preserved,
- (B) Eave overhangs dating from the period of significance shall be maintained.
- (C) Restoration of the appearance of the roof and cornice that is visible from the street, based on historical research and physical evidence from the period of significance, is preferred.
- (D) Replacement of roofs and comices that are contemporary in design shall be compatible with the scale, proportions, massing, height, rhythm, materials, color and texture of historic buildings in the district.
- (E) Cutting back roof rafters and soffits, boxing in exposed rafter tails, adding fascia boards where none existed, or otherwise altering material that dates from the period of significance is not allowed.
- (F) To the extent practical, inappropriate repairs or additions that occurred after the period of significance should be removed or corrected.
- (f) Missing Features. Features that were present on a non-contributing building during the period of significance but which were later removed may be reconstructed.
 - (1) Materials. Materials used in the replacement shall match as closely as practicable the composition, design, texture, and other visual qualities of the materials of the missing feature.
 - (2) Design. The design accurately duplicates the missing feature. The design shall be substantiated by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence. Evidence does not include conjectural designs, or the appearance of features or different elements from other buildings or structures built during the period of significance.
- (g) Alterations and Additions. Additions and alterations that comply with the standards in this section may be made to historic non-contributing buildings.

Whenever practical, additions and alterations to historic non-contributing buildings should result in the restoration of missing features from the period of significance, or the removal of alterations that were made outside of the period of significance.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Materials shall be consistent with those present in buildings in the district generally.
- (B) Roofing materials shall have a non-reflective, matte finish.

(2) Design.

- (A) The location for an addition shall be at the rear, or on an inconspicuous side of the building.
- (B) Changes to features of a historic non-contributing building that date from the period of significance shall be minimized.
- (C) The design shall be compatible with the character of non-contributing buildings in the historic district and create a harmonious relationship with historic contributing buildings in the district generally. Factors in evaluating the design under this paragraph include, but are not limited to:
 - (i) Similarities in the size and scale to those used in historic contributing buildings in the district generally.
 - (ii) Use of architectural features that reflect, or are similar to, the architectural style of historic contributing buildings in the district.
 - (iii) Simple gable or hipped roofs with a pitch similar to surrounding buildings are generally appropriate. Flat roofs may be appropriate when the prevailing styles of architecture provide an appropriate context. Exotic or complex roof forms that detract from the visual continuity of the district are generally inappropriate.
 - (iv) Additions should have a similar mass to surrounding buildings.
 - (v) Front elevations should appear similar in scale to those seen traditionally in the surrounding neighborhood.

1	(vi) The width and height of the addition should not exceed the
2	typical dimensions seen in the district.
.3	(vii) Simple rectangular building forms are generally preferred.
4	(D) The design shall make clear what is original and what is new.
5	(E) Features that have been added over time and have attained
6	significance in their own right shall be preserved, even if the features do
7	not reflect the period of significance.
8	(F) An addition that adds stories shall increase the height of a building to
9	no more than four stories.
10	(h) Decks. Replacement and addition of decks in non-contributing buildings is
11	allowed, subject to the following standards:
12	(1) Materials. The deck shall be constructed of wood, a wood composite, or
13	a material available during the period of significance.
14	(2) Design. The deck shall:
15	(A) Be located off the rear of the resource.
16	(B) Be of a reasonable size and scale in relationship to the resource.
17	(i) Lintels, Architraves, Sills, and other Architectural Details. Replacement
18	of lintels, architraves, sills, and other architectural details on non-contributing
19	buildings is allowed.
20	(1) Materials.
21	(A) Materials dating from the period of significance shall, if possible, be
22	retained and repaired or restored.
23	(B) Replacement materials shall be, to the greatest extent practicable, of
24	the same type, quality, design, size, finish, proportions and configuration
25	commonly found in the district.
26	(2) Design.
27	(A) To the extent practicable, original material dating from the period of
28	significance shall be preserved.
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- (B) Restoration of the appearance of architectural details that are visible from the street, based on historical research and physical evidence from the period of significance, is preferred.
- (C) Replacement of architectural details that are contemporary in design shall be compatible with the scale, proportions, massing, height, rhythm, materials, color, and texture of historic buildings in the district.
- (j) Accessibility. Additions or alterations to improve accessibility are allowed.
 - (1) Materials. Materials shall be, to the greatest extent practicable, of the same type, quality, design, size, finish, proportions and configuration of the original materials in the building.
 - (2) Design.
 - (A) Additions or alterations to improve accessibility shall be designed in a manner that identifies the building's character-defining spaces and features, and prevents their damage or loss.
 - (B) Additions and alterations to improve accessibility should be designed in a manner that is compatible with the building and its setting.
- (k) Energy Efficiency. Retrofitting non-contributing buildings to achieve energy efficiency is permitted, if the retrofitting preserves the character of the historic district.
 - (1) Materials. The materials for any retrofitted architectural elements shall comply with the standards for materials for such elements set forth in this section. This includes, but is not limited to, windows and doors.
 - (2) Design.
 - (A) To the extent practicable, original systems to control ventilation, such as double hung, transom windows and awnings, dating from the period of significance shall be preserved.
 - (B) The designs of any retrofitted architectural elements shall comply with the standards for replacement of such elements set forth in this section. This includes, but is not limited to, windows and doors.

- (C) Retrofitting shall be designed in a manner that prevents loss of original material or architectural elements dating from the period of significance.
- (I) Mechanical Equipment and Service Areas. Addition and replacement of mechanical equipment is permitted. This includes, but is not limited to: heating and cooling systems, solar panels, telecommunications equipment, and dumpster enclosures.
 - (1) Materials. Materials shall be harmonious in type, color, scale, texture, and proportions with the building and the district generally.
 - (2) Design.
 - (A) Mechanical equipment and service areas should be located out of public view and designed as an integral part of the overall building design.
 - (B) Mechanical equipment and service areas should be placed at the rear of the building, recessed on the roof of the building, or screened by appropriate fencing.
 - (C) Low-profile mechanical units and elevator shafts may be placed on rooftops if they are not visible from the street, or are set back and screened from view.
 - (D) Solar panels should have low profiles and not be visible from right of way, other than alleys, and shall be installed in a manner that minimizes damage to historic materials.
 - (E) Skylights shall be flat and shall not alter the existing profile of the roof. Bubble-type skylights are prohibited.
 - (F) Mechanical equipment placed at street level should be screened in a manner that is compatible with the streetscape and adjacent buildings.
 - (G) New skylights and vents shall be placed behind and below the parapet level.
- (m) Awnings and Canopies. Replacement or installation of awnings and canopies on non-contributing buildings is allowed.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Materials that are compatible with the character of the district shall be
- (B) Canvass is an approved material for awnings and canopies.
- (A) Awnings shall be located within window openings, and below
- (B) Umbrella-type awnings and non-historic forms are not permitted.
- (C) Awnings shall be attached in such a manner that historic materials or features are not damaged.
- (D) Marquees may be used where compatible with the building and neighboring buildings.
- (E) Awnings, canopies, or marquees shall not obscure significant architectural features on the building.
- (F) Awnings, canopies, or marquees shall have size, scale, and design that are compatible with the building and neighboring buildings.
- (n) New Accessory Structures. New accessory structures may be built on the site of non-contributing buildings, subject to the following standards:

- (A) Building materials shall be of traditional dimensions.
- (B) Siding material shall be consistent with those present in buildings in close proximity to the accessory, generally.
- (2) Design. New accessory structures shall:
 - (A) Not be located on or around the primary façade of an existing resource.
 - **(B)** Be no taller than one story.
 - (C) Be of a reasonable size and scale in relationship to the building.
- (o) Fences. Fences may be added to sites of non-contributing buildings, provided the fencing will not result in the removal or destruction of site features identified as significant on the historic resource inventory for the district.

- (1) Materials. Fences shall be constructed of traditional materials that were available during the period of significance.
- (2) Design. Fences shall be no taller than four feet in the front yard and no taller than six feet in side and rear yards.
- (p) Retaining Walls. Retaining walls may be added to sites of non-contributing buildings, provided the retaining wall will not result in the removal or destruction of site features identified as significant on the historic resource inventory for the district.
 - (1) Materials. The retaining wall shall be constructed of traditional materials that were available during the period of significance. Example: If the period of significance is 1920-1940, the materials that were available included, but were not limited to, rusticated stone, formed concrete, poured concrete, and brick.
 - (2) Design. Retaining walls shall be no taller than two feet in the front and four feet on the side and rear yard.
- (q) Site Features. Replacement or alteration of site features of a non-contributing building that are identified as significant features on the historic resource inventory for the district, including, but not limited to, driveways, sidewalks, gardens, significant trees, or geological features is allowed, unless the replacement or alteration would materially alter or destroy the features.
 - (1) Materials. Materials shall duplicate, to the greatest degree practicable, the appearance and physical qualities of the original materials. Example: Rhododendron hedge planted during the period of significance is replanted with heritage varieties available during the period of significance.
 - (2) Design. The design shall reproduce, to the greatest extent practicable, the appearance of the original site feature. Example: If the site contains a Lord and Schryver garden, the replacements shall be allowed provided the original design and location of plantings of the historical garden are retained.

Section 11. The following SRC 230,064 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

230.064. Standards for New Construction in Public Historic Districts. New buildings may be constructed in public historic districts, subject to the following standards:

(a) Materials.

- (1) The primary facade shall be constructed of building materials that are consistent with other primary structures in the vicinity.
- (2) Materials used in the construction shall be identical or similar those available for similar buildings or structures built during the period of significance.
- (3) Materials shall be similar in scale, proportion, texture, and finish to those found on nearby historic structures.

(b) Design,

- (1) Within all public historic districts, other than the Oregon State Hospital District, the design shall be compatible with general character of historic contributing buildings in the historic district. Factors in evaluating compatibility include, but are not limited to:
 - (A) The height, width, proportions, size and scale is consistent with those used in similar historic contributing buildings in the district generally.
 - (B) The design reflects, but does not replicate, the architectural style of historic contributing buildings in the district.
 - (C) Architectural elements that are similar to those found on historic contributing buildings in the historic district are used.
 - (D) Architectural elements such as lintels, cornices, doors, and windows reflect the spacing, placement, scale, orientation and proportion of buildings in the district.
 - (E) The front façade is designed with proportions that are compatible with adjacent buildings in the vicinity.
- (2) Within the Oregon State Hospital District the design shall be compatible with general character of the historic contributing buildings, as identified in Table 230-4, located in the zone, as identified in Figure 230-5, where the work is occurring.
 - (A) The height, width, proportions, size and scale is consistent with those used in similar historic contributing buildings in the district generally.

- (B) The design reflects, but does not replicate, the architectural style of historic contributing buildings in the district.
- (C) Architectural elements that are similar to those found on historic contributing buildings in the historic district are used.
- (D) Architectural elements such as lintels, cornices, doors, and windows reflect the spacing, placement, scale, orientation, and proportion of buildings in the district.
- (E) The front façade is designed with proportions that are compatible with adjacent buildings in the vicinity.
- (c) Mechanical Equipment and Service Areas. Mechanical equipment, including, but not limited to heating and cooling systems, solar panels, and telecommunications equipment, and service areas including, but not limited to dumpster enclosures, shall meet the following standards:
 - (1) Materials. Materials shall be harmonious in type, color, scale, texture, and proportions with the building and the district generally.
 - (2) Design.
 - (A) Mechanical equipment and service areas should be located out of public view and designed as an integral part of the overall building design.
 - (B) Mechanical equipment and service areas should be placed at the rear of the building, recessed on the roof of the building, or screened by appropriate fencing.
 - (C) Low-profile mechanical units and elevator shafts may be placed on rooftops if they are not visible from the street, or are set back and screened from view.
 - (D) Solar panels should have low profiles and not be visible from the street.
 - (E) Skylights shall be flat and shall not alter the existing profile of the roof. Bubble-type skylights are prohibited.
 - (F) Mechanical equipment placed at street level should be screened in a manner that is compatible with the streetscape and adjacent buildings.

- (G) Skylights and vents shall be placed behind and below the parapet level.
- (d) Accessory Structures. Accessory structures may be built on the site of new construction.

(1) Materials.

- (A) Building materials shall be of traditional dimensions.
- (B) Siding material shall be consistent with those present in buildings in the district generally.

(2) Design.

- (A) The accessory structure shall be located at the rear of the lot or parcel.
- **(B)** The accessory structure shall be no taller than one story.
- (C) The accessory structure shall be of a reasonable size and scale in relationship to the building.
- (e) Awnings and Canopies. Awnings and canopies on new construction shall meet the following standards:

(1) Materials.

- (A) Materials that are compatible with the character of the district shall be used.
- (B) Canvass is an approved material for awnings and canopies.

(2) Design.

- (A) Awnings shall be located within window openings, and below transoms.
- (B) Umbrella-type awnings and non-historic forms are not permitted.
- (C) Marquees may be used where compatible with the building and neighboring buildings.
- (D) Awnings, canopies, or marquees shall not obscure significant architectural features on the building.
- (E) Awnings, canopies, or marquees shall have size, scale, and design that are compatible with the building and neighboring buildings.
- (f) Fences. Fences may be included in new construction.

- (a) A public agency shall avoid inadvertent impacts to a historic resource for which the agency is responsible.
- (b) A public agency that alters an historic resource for which the agency is responsible to the degree where the alteration has adverse effect on the historic resource shall mitigate the adverse effect as provided in this subsection.
 - (1) Level of Effect. Any proposed alteration that will have an adverse effect to the historic recource shall be classified as to the level of effect, as set forth in Table 230-5. The level of effect is based on the scale of work and the location of the work. Example: An alteration that involves minor work on a secondary façade will not have as high of an adverse effect on a public historic resource as a project involving major work on a primary façade.

TABLE 230-5
PUBLIC HISTORIC MITIGATION – LEVEL OF EFFECT

Table 230-5: Public Historic Mitigation – Level of Effect				
Activity Proposed	Primary Facade	Level of Effect	Secondary Facade	Level of Effect
Public Historic District	F14.			Great Charles
Demolition	Adverse Effect	Level Three	Adverse Effect	Level Two
Accessibility Alterations and Additions	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None
Alterations and Additions	Adverse Effect	Level Two	No Adverse Effect	None
Awnings and Canopies Replacement or Installation	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None
Awnings and Canopies Replacement or Installation (In- Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None
Decks Replacement and Additions	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None
Door Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None
Door Replacement (In-Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None
Energy	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None
Fences	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None

Table 230-5: Pu	ıblic Historic I	Mitigation –	Level of Effect	
Activity Proposed	Primary Facade	Level of Effect	Secondary Facade	Level of Effect
Lintels, Architraves, Sills, and other Architectural Details Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None
Lintels, Architraves, Sills, and other Architectural Details Replacement (In-Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None
Masonry, Siding, and Exterior Trim Replacement Details Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level Two	No Adverse Effect	None
Masonry, Siding, and Exterior Trim Replacement Details Replacement (In-Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None
Mechanical Equipment and Service Areas Addition and Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None
Murals & Signs	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None
Murals & Signs (Meeting Standards)	No Adverse Effeet	None	No Adverse Effect	None
Porch Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level Two	No Adverse Effect	None
Porch Replacement (In-Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None
Restoration of Missing Features	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None
Retaining Walls	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None
Roof and Comice Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level Two	No Adverse Effect	None
Roof and Cornice Replacement (In-Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Effect	None
Site Features Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level One	No Adverse Effect	None
Site Features Replacement (In- Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None
Window Replacement	Adverse Effect	Level Two	No Adverse Effect	None
Window Replacement (In-Kind)	No Adverse Effect	None	No Adverse Effect	None

(2) Mitigation Required. Mitigation shall be commensurate with the level, as set forth in this paragraph.

(A) Level One: Minor Adverse Effect.

Work involves loss of historic features or minor alterations. Mitigation shall include photo documentation of original feature or features prior to removal and an Intensive Level documentation of the historic resource. The historic resource shall be documented utilizing the standards for photographing and documenting historic resources established by the SHPO.

(B) Level Two: Moderate Adverse Effect.

Work involves major alterations or additions. Mitigation shall include photo documentation of original feature or features prior to commencement of work, ILS level documentation of the historic resource, and the development of both on-site and stand-alone educational materials which will meaningfully educate the public about the historic resource. Examples of stand-alone educational materials include, but are not limited to, informational websites and pamphlets. A digital version of any educational materials shall be provided and adequate hard copies printed for distribution by the City. On-site materials include, but are not limited to, informational kiosks or panels containing historical photos, architectural information and maps relating to the historic resource and site that are installed on the site of the historic resource.

(C) Level Three; Major Adverse Effect.

Work results in demolition of a historic resource. Mitigation shall include photo documentation of historic resource prior to commencement of demolition. ILS level documentation of the historic resource, and the development of both on-site and stand-alone educational materials which will meaningfully educate the public about the historic resource, and donation to the City's Historic Perservation Trust Fund, as provided in this paragraph. Examples of stand-alone educational materials include, but are

not limited to, informational websites and pamphlets. A digital version of any educational materials shall be provided along, and adequate hard copies printed for distribution by the City. On-site materials include, but are not limited to, informational kiosks or panels containing historical photos, architectural information and maps relating to the historic resource and site that are installed on the site of the historic resource. The public agency shall donate 0.1% of the estimated market value of the historic resource to the City's Historic Preservation Trust Fund.

(3) Completion of Mitigation. Mitigation shall be complete at the time of completion of project giving rise to the required mitigation.

Section 13. The following SRC 230,200 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:

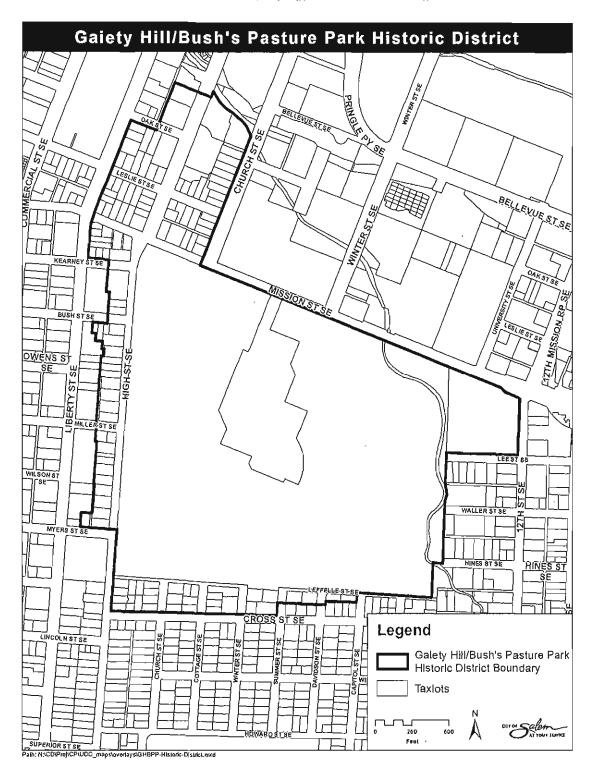
230.200. Historic Districts. The historic districts in Salem are:

(a) Gaiety Hill/Bush's Pasture Park Historic District (Figure 230-1). The Gaiety Hill/Bush's Pasture Historic District was listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1986. The period of significance is 1878-1938. The area of the District is 143 acres, and includes one hundred and thirteen historic contributing resources and thirty-two non-contributing resources. Resources are primarily residential, and the most predominant style the Craftsman Bungalow. The District includes four major Lord and Schryver gardens. The District is most noted for Bush's Pasture Park, located at the center of the District.

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COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SALEM, OREGON

FIGURE 230-1 GAIETY HILL/BUSH'S PASTURE PARK



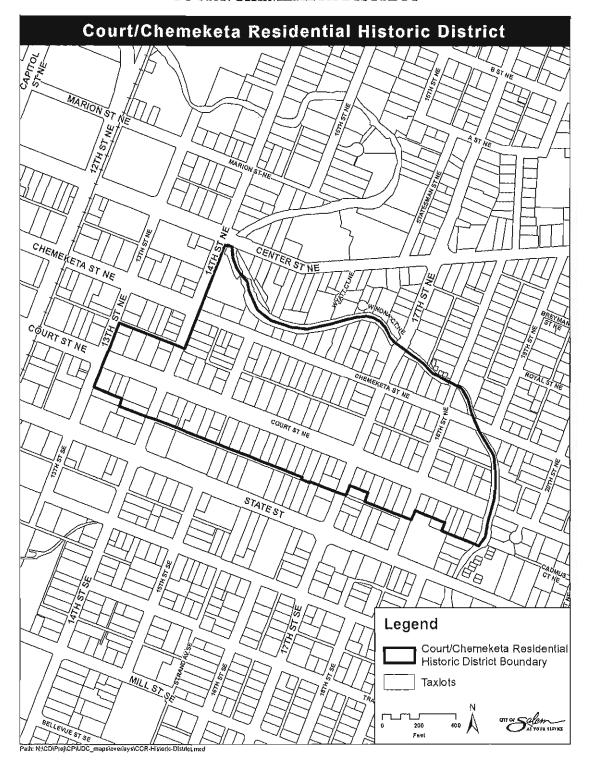
Street-Chemeketa Historic District was listed on the National Register of Historic 2 Places in 1987. The period of significance is 1860-1937. The area of the District is 3 4 38.75 acres and includes ninety-nine historic contributing and forty-eight noncontributing resources. The overall character of the District is that of a late 19th and 5 early 20th century neighborhood. Resources are primarily residential. The District 6 is named for its two east-west streets. Court Street is a 99-foot wide boulevard 7 8 lined with larger and older houses. Chemeketa Street is narrower and lined 9 primarily with bungalows and cottages, some of which front Mill Creek. ///// 10 ///// 11 ///// 12 13 ///// 14 ///// 15 ///// ///// 16 17 ///// ///// 18 19 ///// 20 `///// 21 ///// ///// 22 ///// 23 24 ///// 25 ///// 26 ///// 27 ///// 28 ///// 29 /////

(b) Court Street-Chemeketa Street Historic District (Figure 230-2), The Court

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FIGURE 230-2 COURT/CHEMEKETA DISTRICT

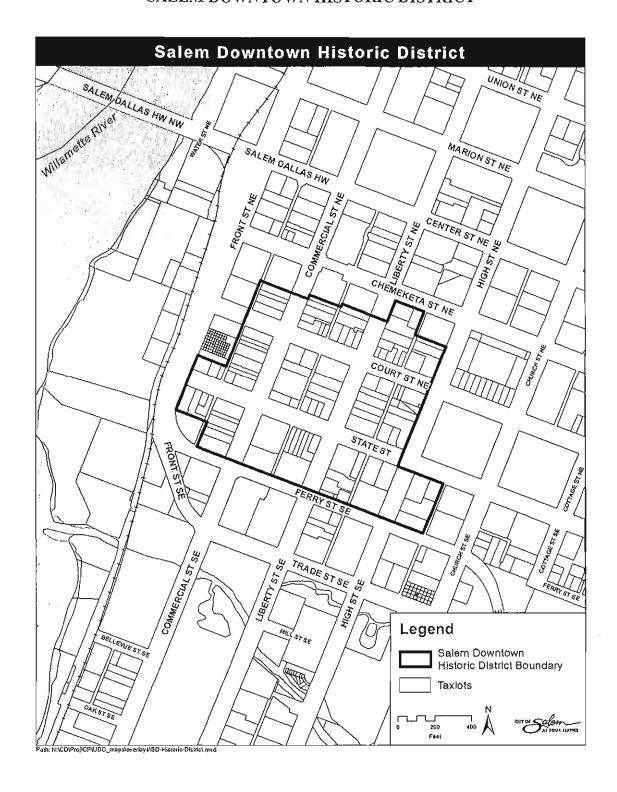


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(c) Salem Downtown Historic District (Figure 230-3). The Salem Downtown Historic District was listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2001. The period of significance is 1867-1950. The District is comprised of approximately seven city blocks and includes fifty-seven historic contributing resources and thirty-five non-contributing resources. Resources are primarily commercial in character. The District comprises commercial buildings which share a continuity of scale, lot-line development at the street, common building materials such as brick and concrete, and stylistic elements derived from traditional architectural styles such as Richardsonian Romanesque and Italianate. The storefronts throughout the District reflect both the downtown's early development, as well as efforts to modernize over time.

FIGURE 230-3 SALEM DOWNTOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT



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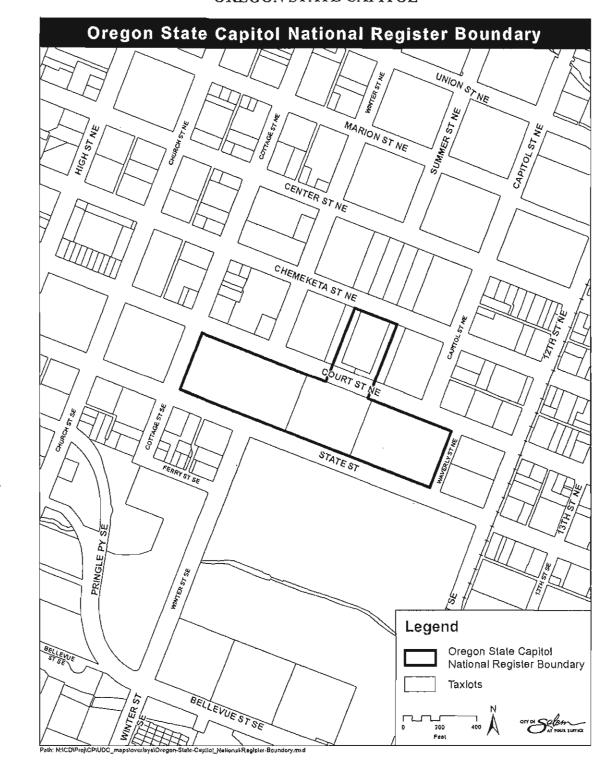
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(d) Oregon State Capitol (Figure 230-4). The Oregon State Capitol was listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1988. The Oregon State Capitol was constructed between 1936 and 1938, is 14.49 acres; includes the Capitol Building and adjacent wings, Wilson Park to the west, Capitol Park to the east, and extends to the north from the Capitol steps across Court Street to include one block of the former East and West Summer Streets and the sunken lawn terrace between these two streets.

FIGURE 230-4 OREGON STATE CAPITOL

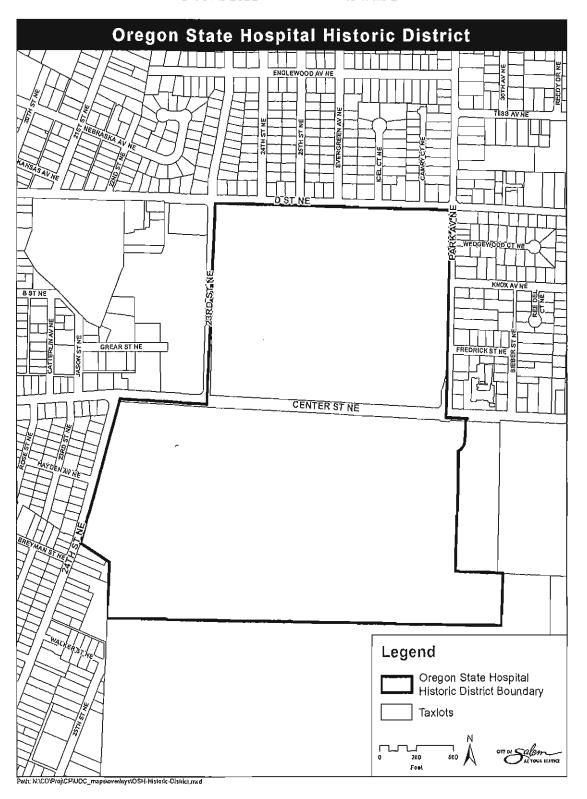


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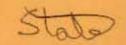
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(e) Oregon State Hospital District (Figure 230-5). The Oregon State Hospital District was listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2008. The period of significance is 1883-1958. The area of the District had sixty-seven resources at the time of designation. The resources included buildings constructed for office use, a physical plant and support buildings, patient treatment wards, and staff residences.



1	Section 13. The following SRC 230.225 is hereby added to SRC Chapter 230:
2	230.225. Individually Listed Resources. The list of individually listed local resources shall
3	be maintained by the Director. The list may be maintained electronically, and shall be
4	available to the general public.
5	Section 14. SRC 230.060 is repealed:
6	230.060. Public Historic Districts. Historic preservation activity in districts that contain
7	primarily public buildings shall comply with the Scoretary of the Interior's Standards for
8	Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings, published by the U.S.
9	Department of the Interior, National Park Service.
10	Section 15. Severability. The sections and subsections of this ordinance are severable. The
11	invalidity of one section or subsection shall not affect the validity of the remaining sections or
12	subsections.
13	Section 16. Codification. In preparing this ordinance for publication and distribution, the City
14	Recorder shall not alter the sense, meaning, effect, or substance of this ordinance, but within
15	such limitations, may:
16	(a) Renumber sections and parts of sections of the ordinance;
17	(b) Rearrange sections;
18	(c) Change reference numbers to agree with renumbered chapters, sections or other parts;
19	(d) Delete references to repealed sections;
20	(e) Substitute the proper subsection, section, or chapter or other division numbers;
21	(f) Change capitalization and spelling for the purpose of uniformity; and
22	(g) Correct manifest clerical, grammatical, or typographical errors.
23	PASSED'by the City Council this day of, 2013.
24	ATTEST;
25	
26	
27	City Recorder
28	Approved by City Attorney:
29	Checked by: K. Fitzgerald
30	g:\group\legal1\council\2013\062413 historic districts and preservation of public historic resources ord 25-13.doc



CITY OF SALEM
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT
555 LIBERTY ST. S.E. - ROOM 305
SALEM, OR 97301



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LAND CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT

Land Conservation & Development Department 635 Capitol St NE, Suite 150 Salem OR 97301